#### **TECHNICAL REPORT COVERSHEET**

#### NOISE STUDY REPORT

Florida Department of Transportation

District 1

SR 70

Limits of Project: from Lorraine Road to CR 675/Waterbury Road

Manatee County, Florida

Financial Management Number: 414506-2

ETDM Number: 14263

Date: June 2019

The environmental review, consultation, and other actions required by applicable federal environmental laws for this project are being, or have been, carried out by FDOT pursuant to 23 U.S.C. § 327 and a Memorandum of Understanding dated December 14, 2016 and executed by FHWA and FDOT.

### **NOISE STUDY REPORT**

# FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT ONE

State Road 70

from Lorraine Road to County Road 675/Waterbury Road Manatee County, Florida

Financial Project ID: 414506-2-22-01
Federal Aid Project No.: To Be Determined
Efficient Transportation Decision Making (EDTM) No.: 14263

The environmental review, consultation, and other actions required by applicable federal environmental laws for this project are being, or have been, carried out by the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) pursuant to Title 23, Section 327 of the United States Code (23 U.S.C. § 327) and a Memorandum of Understanding dated December 14, 2016 and executed by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and FDOT.

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**JUNE 2019** 

# **Executive Summary**

The Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) is conducting a Project Development and Environment (PD&E) study to evaluate the proposed widening of 6.1 miles of State Road (SR) 70 from Lorraine Road (Milepost (MP) 9.478) to County Road (CR) 675/Waterbury Road (MP 15.567) in Manatee County. The purpose of this project is to improve traffic operational conditions along the SR 70 corridor from Lorraine Road to CR 675/Waterbury Road to accommodate projected travel demand, specifically increased commuter and freight traffic.

The purpose of this Noise Study Report (NSR) is to identify land uses adjacent to the project corridor for which there are Noise Abatement Criteria (NAC), to evaluate future traffic noise levels at the properties with and without the proposed improvements, and to evaluate the need for, and effectiveness of, noise abatement measures. Additional objectives include the consideration of potential construction noise impacts and the identification of noise impact "contours" adjacent to the corridor.

The analysis was performed following FDOT procedures that comply with Title 23, Part 772 of the Code of Federal Regulations (23 CFR 772), *Procedures for Abatement of Highway Traffic Noise and Construction Noise*. The evaluation uses methodologies established by the FDOT's traffic noise policy in the FDOT PD&E Manual, Part 2, Chapter 18 – *Highway Traffic Noise* (January 2019).

Ninety-six receptors (discrete/representative locations of a noise sensitive area) were evaluated. The receptors were evaluated for 88 residences, three active sports areas (a soccer field and two golf courses), two medical facilities, a place of worship, a recreational area, and a convenience store/gas station with an outdoor dining area. The residences were evaluated as an Activity Category B land use (an exterior NAC of 66 decibels on the "A"-weighted scale (dB(A)). The active sports areas, the place of worship, and the recreational area were evaluated as an Activity Category C land use (an exterior NAC of 66 dB(A)). Because there are no areas of frequent human use outside of the medical facilities, the medical facilities were evaluated as Activity Category D (an interior NAC of 51 dB(A)). Finally, the outdoor dining area of the convenience store/gas station was evaluated as Activity Category E (an exterior NAC of 71 dB(A)).

The results of the analysis indicate that existing (year 2018) exterior traffic noise levels range from 48.6 to 64.5 dB(A), and the interior traffic noise levels at the two medical facilities are predicted to be 40.6 and 40.9 dB(A). In the future (year 2045) without the proposed project improvements (the No Build Alternative), exterior traffic noise levels are predicted to range from 49.9 to 65.8 dB(A), and the interior levels at the medical facilities are predicted to be 40.6 and 40.9 dB(A). In the future with the proposed project improvements (the Build Alternative), exterior traffic noise levels are predicted to range from 52.3 to 65.0 dB(A), and the interior levels at the medical facilities are predicted to be 47.4 and 47.7 dB(A).

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SR 70 from Lorraine Road to CR 675

Noise Study Report FPID: 414506-2-22-01 Based on these results, highway traffic noise levels do not approach or exceed the NAC in the future with the proposed project improvements at any of the evaluated receptors. The results of the analysis also indicate that when compared to existing conditions, traffic noise levels with the proposed improvements would not increase more than 7.4 dB(A) at any receptor. As such, the project would not substantially increase highway traffic noise (i.e., an increase of 15 dB(A) or more).

Based on the results of the PD&E Study, there are no highway traffic noise impacted land uses within the project that require abatement consideration. Should the proposed improvements change during the project's final design phase such that a re-analysis of highway traffic noise is warranted and impacts are identified in the analysis, an evaluation of noise abatement measures would be performed at that time. The FDOT is committed to the construction of feasible and reasonable noise abatement measures at noise-impacted locations contingent on the following:

- 1. Detailed noise analyses during the final design process support the need, feasibility, and reasonableness of providing abatement;
- 2. Cost analysis indicates that the cost of the noise barrier(s) will not exceed the cost reasonable criterion;
- 3. Community input supporting types, heights, and locations of the noise barrier(s) is provided to the District Office; and
- 4. Safety and engineering aspects as related to the roadway user and the adjacent property owner have been reviewed and any conflicts or issues resolved.

The residences, medical facilities, and the place of worship within the project limits are considered to be construction noise and vibration sensitive sites. Implementing the proposed roadway improvements is not expected to have a significant noise or vibration impact on these sites because it is anticipated that application of the *FDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction* will minimize or eliminate the potential for such impacts. Should unanticipated noise or vibration issues arise during the construction process, the Project Engineer, in coordination with the District Noise Specialist and the Contractor, will investigate additional methods of controlling these impacts.

Land uses such as residences, motels, medical facilities, schools, churches, recreation areas, and parks are considered incompatible with highway traffic noise levels that approach or exceed the NAC. In order to reduce the possibility of noise-related impacts on land uses that may be approved for construction in the future, noise level contours were developed for the future improved roadway facility. Local officials will be provided a copy of the NSR that delineates/illustrates the contours to promote compatibility between land development and the proposed improvements to SR 70.

SR 70 Noise Study Report

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### **Section 1.0** Introduction

### 1.1 Project Description

The Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) is conducting a Project Development and Environment (PD&E) study to evaluate the proposed widening of 6.1 miles of State Road (SR) 70 from Lorraine Road (Milepost (MP) 9.478) to County Road (CR) 675/Waterbury Road (MP 15.567) in Manatee County, as depicted in **Figure 1-1**.

The PD&E study evaluates the need for capacity improvements and provides engineering and environmental documentation and analysis to establish the optimal type and location of improvements to SR 70. The results of the study will aid Manatee County, FDOT and the FDOT Office of Environmental Management (OEM) in determining the type, preliminary design and location of the proposed improvements.

The project was evaluated through FDOT's Efficient Transportation Decision Making (ETDM) process (Project 14263). An ETDM *Programming Screen Summary Report* containing comments from the Environmental Technical Advisory Team (ETAT) was published on April 3, 2018. The ETAT evaluated the project's effects on natural, physical, cultural, social and economic resources.

Upon completion, the PD&E study will meet all requirement of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) as administered by the FDOT OEM and the requirements of other federal and state laws so as to qualify the proposed project for federal-aid funding.

### 1.2 Purpose and Need

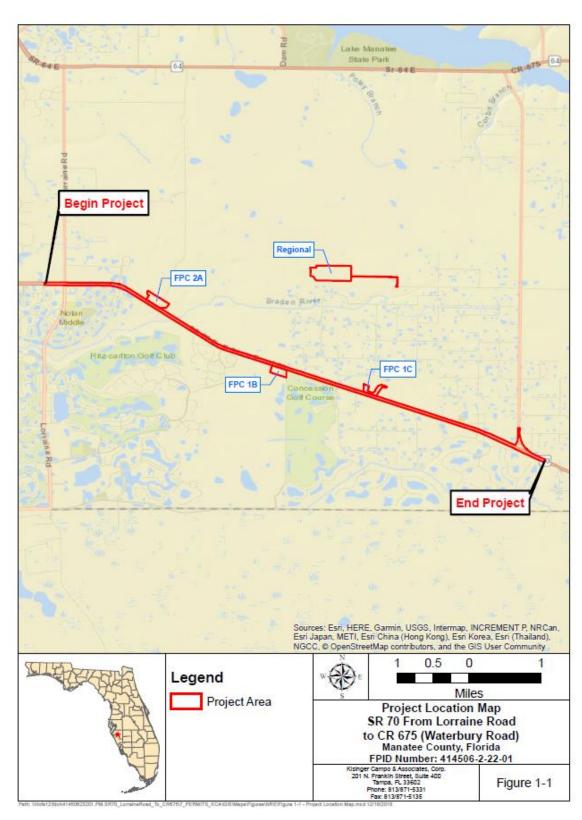
The purpose of this project is to improve traffic operational conditions along the SR 70 corridor from Lorraine Road to CR 675/Waterbury Road to accommodate projected travel demand, specifically increased commuter and freight traffic. Traffic flow within the corridor is of particular concern given the high percentage of heavy trucks mixed with non-truck traffic. The unique acceleration and deceleration characteristics of the trucks cause vehicular travel delay and, ultimately, impact the movement of commuter and freight traffic on the two-lane undivided roadway.

Two Developments of Regional Impact (Cypress Banks and Northwest Sector) surround the western project terminus. Of the five Planned Unit Developments that are present, two are located at the western project terminus and three surround the eastern portion of the project corridor (two of these three are Panther Trace and Concession). Del Webb Lakewood Ranch is also present south of SR 70 near Uihlein Road. The corridor further abuts a master planned community, Lakewood Ranch, to the

SR 70 Noise Study Report from Lorraine Road to CR 675 FPID: 414506-2-22-01

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**Figure 1-1 Project Location Map** 



west. Lakewood Ranch is also identified by Manatee County as one of four major growth and focus areas of the county. Growth along the project corridor is anticipated to occur most heavily within the area surrounding the western half of the corridor as the area will continue to support residential and mixed use community activities with commercial uses concentrated at the intersection of SR 70 and Lorraine Road.

Due to the fact that it provides regional access to agriculture and ranching operations, industrial/commercial areas, and freight distribution facilities throughout central Florida, particularly with its connections to several major transportation facilities, SR 70 has been designated as part of the Strategic Intermodal System (SIS) network. Accordingly, the project segment of SR 70 currently carries significant truck traffic.

This project is anticipated to improve traffic operations and preserve operational capacity along SR 70 to address increased travel demand as a result of projected growth along the corridor and higher volumes of heavy trucks due to agricultural and ranching activities in the area. The proposed project is also anticipated to improve safety characteristics of the facility, which are particularly exacerbated by the high truck percentages, by enhancing overall traffic operations.

#### 1.3 Purpose of Report

The purpose of this Noise Study Report (NSR) is to identify land uses adjacent to the project corridor for which there are Noise Abatement Criteria (NAC), to evaluate future traffic noise levels at the properties with and without the proposed improvements, and to evaluate the need for, and effectiveness of, noise abatement measures. Additionally, the NSR addresses the consideration of potential construction noise and vibration impacts and the identification of noise impact "contours" adjacent to the corridor.

# **Section 2.0** Project Description

### 2.1 Existing Facility

Throughout the limits of the PD&E study SR 70 is designated as a rural principal arterial highway, a SIS highway, and an evacuation route. As defined by the FDOT Design Manual (FDM), Section 200, the context classification of the project is C3R – Suburban Residential. The existing SR 70 facility consists of a two-lane undivided facility with 12-foot travel lanes (one in each direction) and 12-foot shoulders (5 feet paved) (**Figure 2-1**). Within the study limits the existing right-of-way width is approximately 200 feet throughout the majority of the project corridor and approximately 250 feet near the intersection of SR 70 and CR 675/Waterbury Road. There are 14 cross drains, ranging in size from 24-inch pipes to a quadruple 10 foot by 7 foot box culvert. The posted speed limit within the project area is 60 miles per hour (mph).

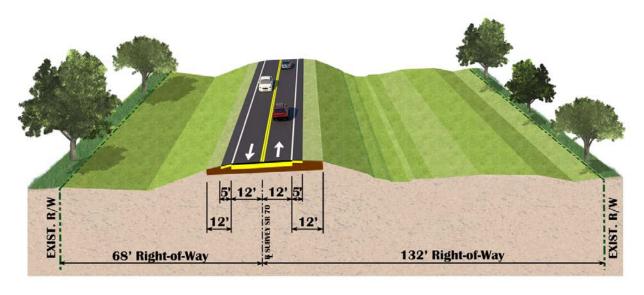


Figure 2-1 Existing Typical Roadway Section

### 2.2 Proposed Action

The proposed action is to increase the capacity of the existing two-lane undivided roadway by widening it to a four or six-lane divided roadway to accomplish the purpose and need described in the previous section.

#### 2.2.1 Project Alternatives

Within the limits of this study, FDOT is evaluating one project build alternative and three project segments. The three segments are separated for analysis to best address the local transportation needs. Segment A extends from Lorraine Road to east of Greenbrook Boulevard, Segment B extends from

east of Greenbrook Boulevard to Bourneside Boulevard, and Segment C extends from Bourneside Boulevard to the eastern project limit at CR 675 (Figure 2-2).

The No-Build alternative remains a viable alternative throughout the study process.

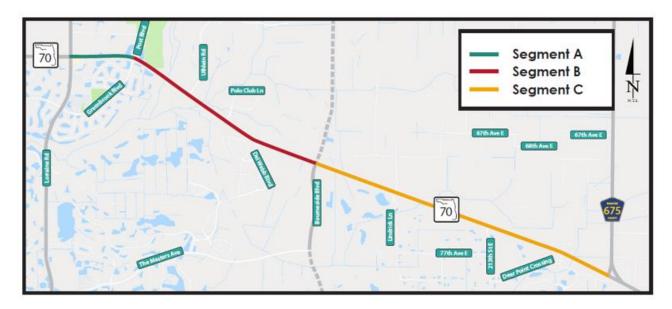


Figure 2-2 Project Location Map by Segment

#### 2.2.2 Typical Sections

The designation of SR 70 as a SIS facility throughout the project limits presents a key variable for the design speeds for the project. The FDM, Part 2 Table 201.4.1 provides design speed controls for SIS facilities. For SIS facilities with a C3R context classification a minimum design speed of 50 mph is required. However, within the C3R context classification, if curbed roadways are proposed the design speed may be reduced to 45 mph. As designed, the proposed high-speed curbed typical sections proposed for Segment A meets the FDM criteria with a 45 mph design speed. In addition, the 50 mph design speed proposed for Segments B and meet the minimum design speed for an SIS facility.

Proposed build improvements for each of the three project segments include the follows:

#### Segment A

The proposed typical section for Segment A will provide a high-speed curbed roadway design with three 11-foot travel lanes in each direction, seven-foot paved outside shoulders (buffered bike lanes), a closed drainage system with curbs and gutters, and eight-foot sidewalks in both directions (**Figure 2-3**). The proposed improvements in this segment are anticipated to be accomplished within the existing 200-foot right-of-way.

#### Segment B

The proposed typical section for Segment B will provide a high-speed curbed roadway design with two 12-foot lanes in each direction, five-foot paved outside shoulders, a closed drainage system with curbs and gutters, and eight-foot sidewalks in both directions (**Figure 2-4**). The proposed roadway has been designed with a 54-foot wide median such that it is expandable to a six-lane section in the future, when traffic needs merit an expansion, by adding a 12-foot lane in each direction on the inside. The proposed improvements in this segment are anticipated to be accomplished primarily within the existing 200-foot right-of-way; although minimal right-of-way will be needed to construct proposed roundabouts at Uihlein Road, Del Webb Boulevard, and Bourneside Boulevard.

#### Segment C

The proposed typical section for Segment C will provide a high-speed curbed roadway design with two 12-foot lanes in each direction, 10-foot outside shoulders (five feet paved), an open drainage system, and eight-foot sidewalks in both directions (**Figure 2-5**). The proposed improvements in this segment are anticipated to be accomplished primarily within the existing 200-foot right-of-way; with minimal right-of-way needed to construct proposed roundabouts at 197<sup>th</sup> Street East/Lindrick Lane, 213<sup>th</sup> Street East, 225<sup>th</sup> Street East/Panther Ridge Trail, and CR 675.



Figure 2-3 Segment A Proposed Typical Roadway Section

Figure 2-4 Segment B Proposed Typical Roadway Section

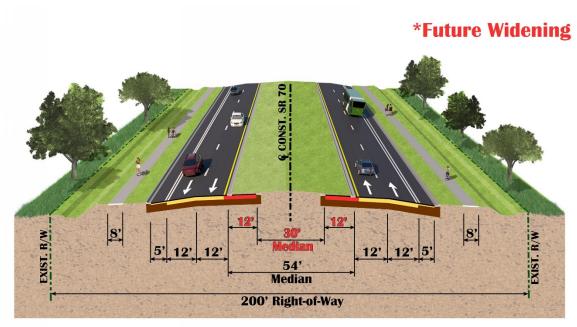
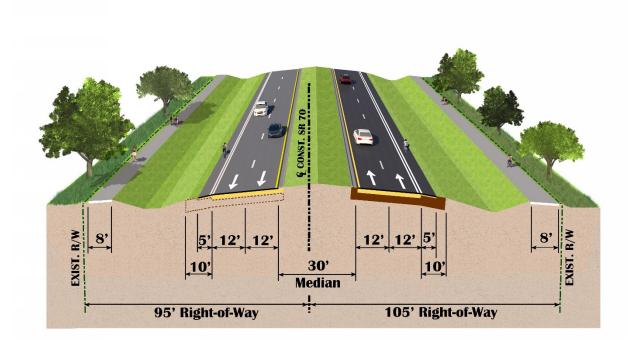


Figure 2-5 Segment C Proposed Typical Roadway Section



# Section 3.0 Methodology

#### 3.1 Evaluation Process

The highway traffic noise analysis discussed in this NSR was prepared in accordance with Part 772 of Title 23 of the Code of Federal Regulations (23 CFR 772), *Procedures for Abatement of Highway Traffic Noise and Construction Noise*; the policies/procedures documented in the FDOT's PD&E Manual, Part 2, Chapter 18 (*Highway Traffic Noise*, January 14, 2019); and guidance from the FDOT's *Traffic Noise Modeling and Analysis Practitioners Handbook*. The predicted highway traffic noise levels presented in this report are expressed in decibels on the "A"-weighted scale (dB(A)). This scale most closely approximates the response characteristics of the human ear to traffic noise. The noise levels in this NSR are reported as equivalent levels (Leq), which are equivalent steady-state sound levels that contain the same acoustic energy as time-varying sound levels over a period of one hour (Leq(h)).

#### 3.2 Noise Model

The prediction of existing and future highway traffic noise levels with and without the roadway improvements was performed using the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA's) computer model for highway traffic noise prediction and analysis – the Traffic Noise Model (TNM-Version 2.5). The TNM propagates sound energy, in one-third octave bands, between highways and nearby receptors taking the intervening ground's acoustical characteristics/topography and rows of buildings into account.

### 3.3 Traffic Data

Traffic noise levels are low when traffic volumes are low (LOS A or B) and when traffic is so congested that movement is slow (LOS D, E, or F). For the purpose of a highway traffic noise assessment, it is assumed that the maximum hourly traffic noise level occurs between these two conditions—when operating conditions are considered to be LOS C. As such, the traffic volume characteristics used in the analysis reflect either the forecast demand volumes, if the level met the LOS A or B criteria, or the LOS C volume, whichever is less. The operating conditions used in TNM to predict existing (year 2018) highway traffic noise and future (year 2045) levels with and without the Build Alternative are summarized in **Table 3-1**. Detailed project-related traffic data are provided in **Appendix B**.

Table 3-1 Hourly Traffic Volumes/Speeds Used In TNM

Project Segment	Roadway Segment	Scenario	Peak Direction Volume	Off-Peak Direction Volume	Demand or LOS C	Posted Speed (mph)
A	Lorraine Road to	Existing	850	850	LOS C	50
	Greenbrook Boulevard/Post	No-Build	850	850	LOS C	50
	Boulevard	Build	2,478	2,478	LOS C	45
В	Greenbrook	Existing	747	488	Demand	60
	Boulevard/Post Boulevard to Uihlein Road	No-Build	850	850	LOS C	60
		Build	1,530	1,530	LOS C	50
		Existing	747	488	Demand	60
	Uihlein Road to Bourneside Drive	No-Build	850	850	LOS C	60
	Bourneside Brive	Build	1,379	901	Demand	50
С		Existing	747	488	Demand	60
	Bourneside Drive to CR 675	No-Build	850	850	LOS C	60
	CR 073	Build	1,092	713	Demand	50

Source: Final SR 70 Design Traffic Technical Memorandum (Financial Project ID: 414506-2), October 17, 2018.

# **Section 4.0 Noise Analysis**

#### 4.1 Evaluation Process

Noise-sensitive land uses occur where frequent human use occurs and where a lowered noise level would be of benefit. To evaluate traffic noise at these properties, the FHWA established Noise Abatement Criteria (NAC). As shown in **Table 4-1**, the criteria vary according to the activity category for the land use of a property. For comparative purposes, typical noise levels for common indoor and outdoor activities are provided in **Appendix C**.

Table 4-1 FHWA/FDOT Noise Abatement Criteria [Leq(h) Expressed In dB(A)]

Activity		Activity	Leq(h)1
Category	Description of Activity Category	FHWA	FDOT
A	Lands on which serenity and quiet are of extraordinary significance and serve an important public need and where the preservation of those qualities is essential if the area is to continue to serve its intended purpose.	57 (Exterior)	56 (Exterior)
$\mathbf{B}^2$	Residential.	67 (Exterior)	66 (Exterior)
C <sup>2</sup>	Active sports areas, amphitheaters, auditoriums, campgrounds, cemeteries, day care centers, hospitals, libraries, medical facilities, parks, picnic areas, places of worship, playgrounds, public meeting rooms, public or nonprofit institutional structures, radio studios, recording studios, recreational areas, Section 4(f) sites, schools, television studios, trails, and trail crossings.	67 (Exterior)	66 (Exterior)
D	Auditoriums, day care centers, hospitals, libraries, medical facilities, places of worship, public meeting rooms, public or nonprofit institutional structures, radio studios, recording studios, schools, and television studios.	52 (Interior)	51 (Interior)
$E^2$	Hotels, motels, offices, restaurants/bars, and other developed lands, properties or activities not included in A-D or F.	72 (Exterior)	71 (Exterior)
F	Agriculture, airports, bus yards, emergency services, industrial, logging, maintenance facilities, manufacturing, mining, rail yards, retail facilities, shipyards, utilities (water resources, water treatment, electrical), and warehousing.		
G	Undeveloped lands that are not permitted.		

The Leq(h) Activity Criteria values are for impact determination only and are not design standards for noise abatement measures.

Source: CFR. Title 23. Part 772.

When predicted traffic noise levels "approach" or exceed the NAC, or when predicted future noise levels increase substantially from existing levels, the FHWA requires that noise abatement measures be considered. FDOT defines the word "approach" to mean within one dB(A) of the NAC. The FDOT's NAC are also shown in **Table 4-1**. Additionally, the FDOT criteria states that a substantial increase would occur if traffic noise levels are predicted to increase 15 dB(A) or more above existing conditions as a direct result of a transportation improvement project.

Includes undeveloped lands permitted for this activity category.

Within the project limits, 96 properties with noise sensitive land uses have the potential to be impacted by highway traffic noise as a result of the proposed project improvements. The land use review that identified these properties was performed on January 1, 2019. Note that another land use review will be conducted to identify noise sensitive land uses that were issued building permits after January 1, 2019 but before the Date of Public Knowledge, which is yet to be determined, and if any are identified, traffic noise impacts would be evaluated at those locations. The 96 sites are comprised of the following:

- 1. Activity Category B 88 residences (19 at Greenbrook Village, 23 at Del Webb, 27 at Polo Run, four at Panther Ridge, two at Panther Ridge-Foxwood, four at the Preserve at Panther Ridge, eight at Panther Ridge Grand Oaks, and one at Pomello Park). The FDOT's NAC for Activity Category B land uses is an exterior level of 66 dB(A).
- 2. Activity Category C A total of five land uses, including three active sports areas (a soccer field at Premier Sports Campus, a golf course at Lakewood National, and a golf course at The Concession), a recreational area (TreeUmph!), and a place of worship (House of Fellowship). The FDOT's NAC for Activity Category C land uses is an exterior level of 66 dB(A).
- 3. Activity Category D Interior traffic noise levels were evaluated at two medical facilities (Smiles at Lakewood Ranch and First Harbour Medical Centers). The FDOT's interior NAC for Activity Category D land uses is 51 dB(A). Interior traffic noise levels were predicted by applying the noise reduction factor for light frame buildings (20 dB(A)) to the predicted exterior noise levels as recommended by FHWA's Highway Traffic Noise: Analysis and Abatement Guidance.
- 4. Activity Category E One land use, a convenience store/gas station with an outdoor dining area (Wawa) was evaluated as Activity Category E. The FDOT's exterior NAC for Activity Category E land uses is 71 dB(A).

The 96 properties were evaluated with 96 receptors (i.e., discrete or representative locations of a noise sensitive land use). For the active sports areas and the recreational area, a receptor was placed at an outdoor use location nearest SR 70 (e.g., the cart path at The Concession golf course).

Notably, there are existing privacy berms, walls, or combination berm/walls located between SR 70 and Greenbrook Village, the golf course at Lakewood National, Del Webb, and Polo Run. These berms and walls were included in the TNM input.

#### 4.2 Measured Noise Levels

As previously stated, existing and future noise levels with and without the Build Alternative were modeled using the TNM. To validate the TNM and verify that the model accurately predicts the existing traffic noise based on current conditions, measured sound levels were obtained within the project corridor. Traffic data including motor vehicle volumes, vehicle mix, vehicle speeds, and meteorological conditions were recorded during each measurement period.

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The field measurements were conducted in accordance with the FHWA's *Noise Measurement Field Guide*. The measurements were obtained using a Larson Davis 831 Type I integrating sound level meter (SLM) and a Larson Davis LxT Type II integrating SLM. The SLMs were calibrated before and after the measurement periods with a Larson Davis CAL200 calibrator.

The recorded traffic data were used as input for the TNM to determine if, given the topography and actual site conditions of the area, the computer model could "re-create" the measured levels with the existing roadway. Following FDOT policy, a noise prediction model is considered within an acceptable level of accuracy if the measured and predicted noise levels are within a tolerance standard of 3 dB(A).

**Table 4-2** presents the field measurements and the validation results. As shown, the ability of the model to predict noise levels within the FDOT limits of plus or minus 3 dB(A) for the project was confirmed. Periods for which the measured level is higher than the modeled could be the result of sources of sound other than motor vehicles, such as barking dogs. Periods for which the measured levels are lower than the modeled could be the result of variances in motor vehicle speeds that are not captured in the field measurements and the intermittent traffic flow on SR 70 at the time of the measurements. Documentation in support of the validation is provided in **Appendix D**.

**Table 4-2 Validation Data** 

Location	Measurement Period	Modeled	Measured	Difference
200 feet from edge-of-pavement,	1	55.3	55.0	0.3
north side of SR 70 across from	2	57.3	56.6	0.7
Greenbrook Village	3	56.4	56.7	-0.3
250 feet from edge-of-pavement,	1	53.9	53.6	0.3
north side of SR 70 across from	2	55.9	55.1	0.8
Greenbrook Village	3	54.9	55.2	-0.3

Note: The field measurement locations are identified on the project aerials in Appendix A of this report.

### 4.3 Results of the Noise Analysis

**Table 4-3** presents the results of the traffic noise analysis for the proposed improvements. As shown, existing (2018) exterior traffic noise levels range from 48.6 to 64.5 dB(A), and the interior traffic noise levels at the two medical facilities are 40.6 and 40.9 dB(A). In the future (2045) without the proposed project improvements (No Build Alternative), exterior traffic noise levels are predicted to range from 49.9 to 65.8 dB(A) and the interior levels at the medical facilities are predicted to be 40.6 and 40.9 dB(A). Finally, in the future with the proposed project improvements (Build Alternative), exterior traffic noise levels are predicted to range from 52.3 to 65.0 dB(A) and the interior levels at the medical facilities are predicted to be 47.4 and 47.7 dB(A). As such, based on the results of the analysis, highway traffic noise levels in the future with the proposed

improvements are not predicted to approach, meet, or exceed the NAC at any of the evaluated receptors.

**Table 4-3 Predicted Traffic Noise Levels** 

						Leq(h)	(dB(A))		A
Project Segment	Site ID	Activity Category	Description	Location	Existing (2018)	No- Build (2045)	Build (2045)	Increase from Existing	Approaches, Meets, or Exceeds the NAC? (Y/N)
A	1	E	Outdoor eating area	Wawa convenience store/gas station	58.9	58.9	65.0	6.1	N
	2	D	Medical facility	Smiles at Lakewood Ranch	40.9	40.9	47.7	6.8	N
	3	D	Medical facility	First Harbour Medical Centers	40.6	40.6	47.4	6.8	N
	4	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	51.8	51.8	57.7	5.9	N
	5	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	51.3	51.4	57.4	6.1	N
	6	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	51.7	51.7	57.6	5.9	N
	7	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	51.8	51.9	57.8	6.0	N
	8	Е	Restaurant	Greenbrook Village	51.2	51.3	57.2	6.0	N
	9	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	51.6	51.6	57.5	5.9	N
	10	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	51.5	51.6	57.5	6.0	N
	11	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	51.3	51.4	57.3	6.0	N
	12	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	51.2	51.3	57.1	5.9	N
	13	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	51.0	51.2	57.0	6.0	N
	14	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	51.1	51.3	57.2	6.1	N
	15	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	50.9	51.1	57.0	6.1	N
	16	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	51.3	51.5	57.7	6.4	N
	17	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	51.4	51.6	57.9	6.5	N
	18	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	51.3	51.5	57.9	6.6	N
	19	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	51.5	51.9	58.1	6.6	N
	20	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	51.3	52.0	58.7	7.4	N
	21	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	51.6	52.4	58.3	6.7	N
	22	В	Residential	Greenbrook Village	52.9	54.2	57.3	4.4	N
	23	С	Active sports area	Soccer field at the Premier Sports Campus	61.0	62.6	63.0	2.0	N
В	24	С	Active sports area	Golf course at Lakewood National	55.6	57.1	58.4	2.8	N
	25	В	Residential	Del Webb	50.0	51.5	53.9	3.9	N
	26	В	Residential	Del Webb	52.3	53.7	56.1	3.8	N
	27	В	Residential	Del Webb	51.3	52.6	55.1	3.8	N
	28	В	Residential	Del Webb	51.3	52.6	55.1	3.8	N
	29	В	Residential	Del Webb	51.6	52.8	55.3	3.7	N

						Annuachas			
Project Segment	Site ID	Activity Category	Description	Location	Existing (2018)	No- Build (2045)	Build (2045)	Increase from Existing	Approaches, Meets, or Exceeds the NAC? (Y/N)
	30	В	Residential	Del Webb	51.6	52.9	55.5	3.9	N
	31	В	Residential	Del Webb	51.5	52.8	55.5	4.0	N
	32	В	Residential	Del Webb	51.7	53.0	55.6	3.9	N
	33	В	Residential	Del Webb	51.5	52.8	55.6	4.1	N
	34	В	Residential	Del Webb	51.3	52.6	55.4	4.1	N
	35	В	Residential	Del Webb	51.8	53.1	55.8	4.0	N
	36	В	Residential	Del Webb	50.8	52.0	54.8	4.0	N
	37	В	Residential	Del Webb	51.4	52.6	55.3	3.9	N
	38	В	Residential	Del Webb	49.8	51.0	53.7	3.9	N
	39	В	Residential	Del Webb	48.9	50.2	52.8	3.9	N
	40	В	Residential	Del Webb	48.6	49.9	52.3	3.7	N
	41	В	Residential	Del Webb	53.5	54.9	56.8	3.3	N
	42	В	Residential	Del Webb	53.1	54.5	57.1	4.0	N
	43	В	Residential	Del Webb	52.4	53.8	56.8	4.4	N
	44	В	Residential	Del Webb	52.4	53.8	56.5	4.1	N
	45	В	Residential	Del Webb	52.5	54.0	56.3	3.8	N
	46	В	Residential	Del Webb	53.2	54.7	56.6	3.4	N
	47	В	Residential	Del Webb	53.2	54.7	56.4	3.2	N
	48	В	Residential	Polo Run	56.9	58.4	59.0	2.1	N
	49	В	Residential	Polo Run	56.6	58.0	58.6	2.0	N
	50	В	Residential	Polo Run	56.2	57.7	58.3	2.1	N
	51	В	Residential	Polo Run	56.3	57.7	58.2	1.9	N
	52	В	Residential	Polo Run	55.5	56.9	57.6	2.1	N
	53	В	Residential	Polo Run	55.6	57.0	57.7	2.1	N
	54	В	Residential	Polo Run	54.8	56.2	56.9	2.1	N
	55	В	Residential	Polo Run	54.8	56.2	57.0	2.2	N
	56	В	Residential	Polo Run	54.1	55.5	56.3	2.2	N
	57	В	Residential	Polo Run	53.5	54.9	55.8	2.3	N
	58	В	Residential	Polo Run	58.1	59.6	59.6	1.5	N
	59	В	Residential	Polo Run	59.2	60.7	60.7	1.5	N
	60	В	Residential	Polo Run	59.6	61.0	61.4	1.8	N
	61	В	Residential	Polo Run	60.4	61.7	62.2	1.8	N
	62	В	Residential	Polo Run	56.6	58.0	58.2	1.6	N
	63	В	Residential	Polo Run	57.4	58.8	58.8	1.4	N
	64	В	Residential	Polo Run	58.4	59.8	59.6	1.2	N
	65	В	Residential	Polo Run	59.2	60.5	60.2	1.0	N

						Leq(h) (dB(A))			Approaches,
Project Segment	Site ID	Activity Category	Description	Location	Existing (2018)	No- Build (2045)	Build (2045)	Increase from Existing	Meets, or Exceeds the NAC? (Y/N)
	66	В	Residential	Polo Run	59.7	61.0	60.6	0.9	N
	67	В	Residential	Polo Run	60.1	61.4	60.7	0.6	N
	68	В	Residential	Polo Run	60.2	61.5	60.5	0.3	N
	69	В	Residential	Polo Run	60.2	61.6	60.3	0.1	N
	70	В	Residential	Polo Run	60.0	61.3	59.7	-0.3	N
	71	В	Residential	Polo Run	59.6	61.0	59.2	-0.4	N
	72	В	Residential	Polo Run	59.2	60.6	58.8	-0.4	N
	73	В	Residential	Polo Run	58.6	60.0	58.3	-0.3	N
	74	В	Residential	Polo Run	57.8	59.2	57.8	0.0	N
С	75	С	Active sports area	Golf course at The Concession	60.4	62.0	62.5	2.1	N
	76	В	Residential	Panther Ridge	58.2	59.6	59.3	1.1	N
	77	В	Residential	Panther Ridge	55.4	56.8	56.9	1.5	N
	78	В	Residential	Panther Ridge	53.4	54.8	55.2	1.8	N
	79	В	Residential	Panther Ridge	54.8	56.3	55.0	0.2	N
	80	В	Residential	Panther Ridge-Foxwood	53.3	54.8	56.1	2.8	N
	81	В	Residential	Panther Ridge-Foxwood	53.3	54.8	54.6	1.3	N
	82	В	Residential	Preserve at Panther Ridge	55.5	57.0	57.8	2.3	N
	83	В	Residential	Preserve at Panther Ridge	52.9	54.4	54.9	2.0	N
	84	В	Residential	Preserve at Panther Ridge	52.6	54.1	54.4	1.8	N
	85	В	Residential	Preserve at Panther Ridge	52.4	53.9	54.1	1.7	N
	86	С	Recreational area	TreeUmph!	63.1	64.5	63.8	0.7	N
	87	В	Residential	Panther Ridge Grand Oaks	64.5	65.8	64.8	0.3	N
	88	В	Residential	Panther Ridge Grand Oaks	62.4	63.9	62.1	-0.3	N
	89	В	Residential	Panther Ridge Grand Oaks	59.5	61.1	58.3	-1.2	N
	90	В	Residential	Panther Ridge Grand Oaks	56.9	58.4	57.9	1.0	N
	91	В	Residential	Panther Ridge Grand Oaks	54.5	56.0	55.4	0.9	N
	92	В	Residential	Panther Ridge Grand Oaks	64.1	65.3	63.1	-1.0	N
	93	В	Residential	Panther Ridge Grand Oaks	56.6	58.2	56.0	-0.6	N
	94	В	Residential	Panther Ridge Grand Oaks	54.8	56.3	55.0	0.2	N
	95	В	Residential	Pomello Park	61.5	63.2	60.1	-1.4	N
	96	С	Place of worship	House of Fellowship	59.1	60.7	58.8	-0.3	N

Note: Site locations are identified on the project aerials in **Appendix A** of this report.

The results of the analysis also indicate that when compared to existing conditions, traffic noise levels would not increase more than 7.4 dB(A) with the proposed project improvements. As such,

the project would not substantially increase traffic noise (i.e., increase traffic noise 15 dB(A) or more) at any of the evaluated receptors.

The degree of change in predicted traffic noise levels with the project improvements when compared to existing levels varies depending on project segment as a result of the following:

- In Project Segment A the project would improve the existing two-lane roadway to a six-lane roadway. In Project Segments B and C, the project would improve the existing two-lane roadway to a four-lane roadway.
- In Project Segment A, the posted speed limit with the improvements would be five mph lower than the existing limit. In Project Segments B and C, the posted speed limit with the improvements would be 10 mph lower than the existing limit.
- The proposed additional travel lanes would generally be located south of the existing lanes. Therefore, traffic noise levels at the receptors on the southside of SR 70 would experience a greater change in levels than those on the northside.

Notably, for certain receptors (70-73, 88, 89, 92, 93, 95, and 96), the predicted traffic noise levels with the project improvements would be lower than the existing levels due to lower vehicle speeds on SR 70 as a result of the proposed roundabouts and the lower posted speed limits.

## **Section 5.0 Conclusions**

Based on the results of the noise analysis, there are no highway traffic noise impacted land uses within the project that require abatement consideration. Should the proposed improvements change during the project's final design phase such that a re-analysis of highway traffic noise is warranted and impacts are identified in the analysis, an evaluation of noise abatement measures would be performed at that time. The Florida Department of Transportation is committed to the construction of feasible and reasonable noise abatement measures at noise-impacted locations contingent on the following:

- 1. Detailed noise analyses during the final design process support the need, feasibility, and reasonableness of providing abatement;
- 2. Cost analysis indicates that the cost of the noise barrier(s) will not exceed the cost reasonable criterion;
- 3. Community input supporting types, heights, and locations of the noise barrier(s) is provided to the District Office; and
- 4. Safety and engineering aspects as related to the roadway user and the adjacent property owner have been reviewed and any conflicts or issues resolved.

## **Section 6.0 Noise Contours**

Land uses such as residences, motels, medical facilities, schools, churches, recreation areas, and parks are considered incompatible with highway noise levels approaching or exceeding the NAC. In order to reduce the possibility of additional traffic noise-related impacts, noise level contours were developed for the future improved roadway facility to estimate where an "approach" of the NAC is predicted to occur. Specifically, these noise contours delineate the distance from the improved roadway's edge-of-pavement to where 56, 66, and 71 dB(A) (FDOT and FHWA Activity Categories A, B/C, and E, respectively) are expected to occur in the future (2045) with the proposed project improvements.

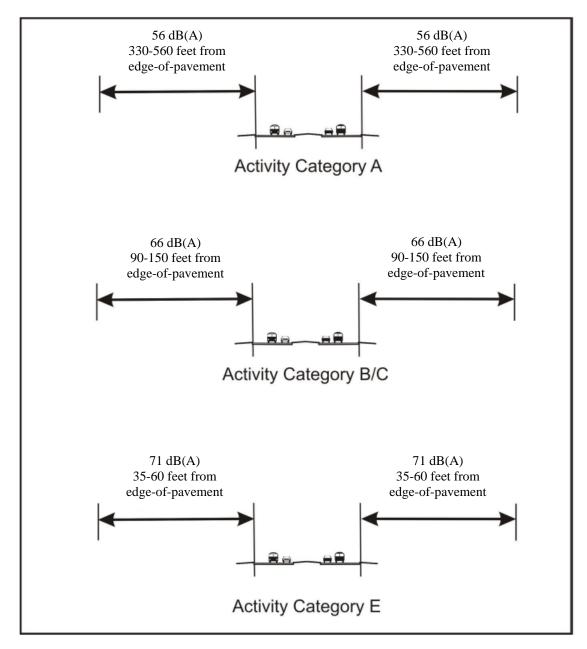
The contours are shown in **Table 6-1** and in **Figure 6-1**. Within the project limits, the contours extend from 35 to 560 feet from the improved roadway's edge-of-pavement. Local officials will be provided a copy of the NSR to promote compatibility between land development and the proposed improvements to SR 70.

**Table 6-1 Noise Contours** 

Distance From Improved Roadway's Edge-of-Pavement (feet)*									
Roadway Segment	Activity Category A 56 dB(A)	Activity Category B/C 66 dB(A)	Activity Category E 71 dB(A)						
Lorraine Road to Greenbrook Boulevard/Post Boulevard	560	150	60						
Greenbrook Boulevard/Post Boulevard to Uihlein Road	390	120	45						
Uihlein Road to Bourneside Drive	350	110	45						
Bourneside Drive to CR 675	330	90	35						

<sup>\*</sup>See **Table 4-1** for a description of the activities that occur within each category. Distances do not reflect any reduction in noise levels that would occur from existing structures (shielding) and should be used for planning purposes only.

Figure 6-1. Noise Contours



# Section 7.0 Construction Noise and Vibration

The residences, medical facilities, and the place of worship within the project limits are construction noise and vibration sensitive sites. Construction of the proposed roadway improvements is not expected to have any significant noise or vibration impacts on these properties. If sensitive land uses develop adjacent to the roadway prior to construction, increased potential for noise or vibration impacts could result. It is anticipated that the application of the *FDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction* will minimize or eliminate potential construction noise and vibration impacts. However, should unanticipated noise or vibration issues arise during the construction process, the Project Engineer, in coordination with the District Noise Specialist and the Contractor, will investigate additional methods of controlling these impacts.

# **Section 8.0 Public Involvement**

The FDOT conducted a Public Information Meeting for the SR 70 PD&E Study on December 18, 2018 at the Risen Savior Lutheran Church in Bradenton. A Public Hearing/Design Workshop is also planned during the spring of 2019. The hearing will inform the public of the results of the PD&E Study and provide the opportunity for the public to express their views regarding specific location, design, socio-economic effects, and environmental impacts associated with the No-Build and recommended Build Alternative. This section of the report will be updated after the hearing.

# Section 9.0 References

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Federal Highway Administration. February 2004. Traffic Noise Model, Version 2.5.

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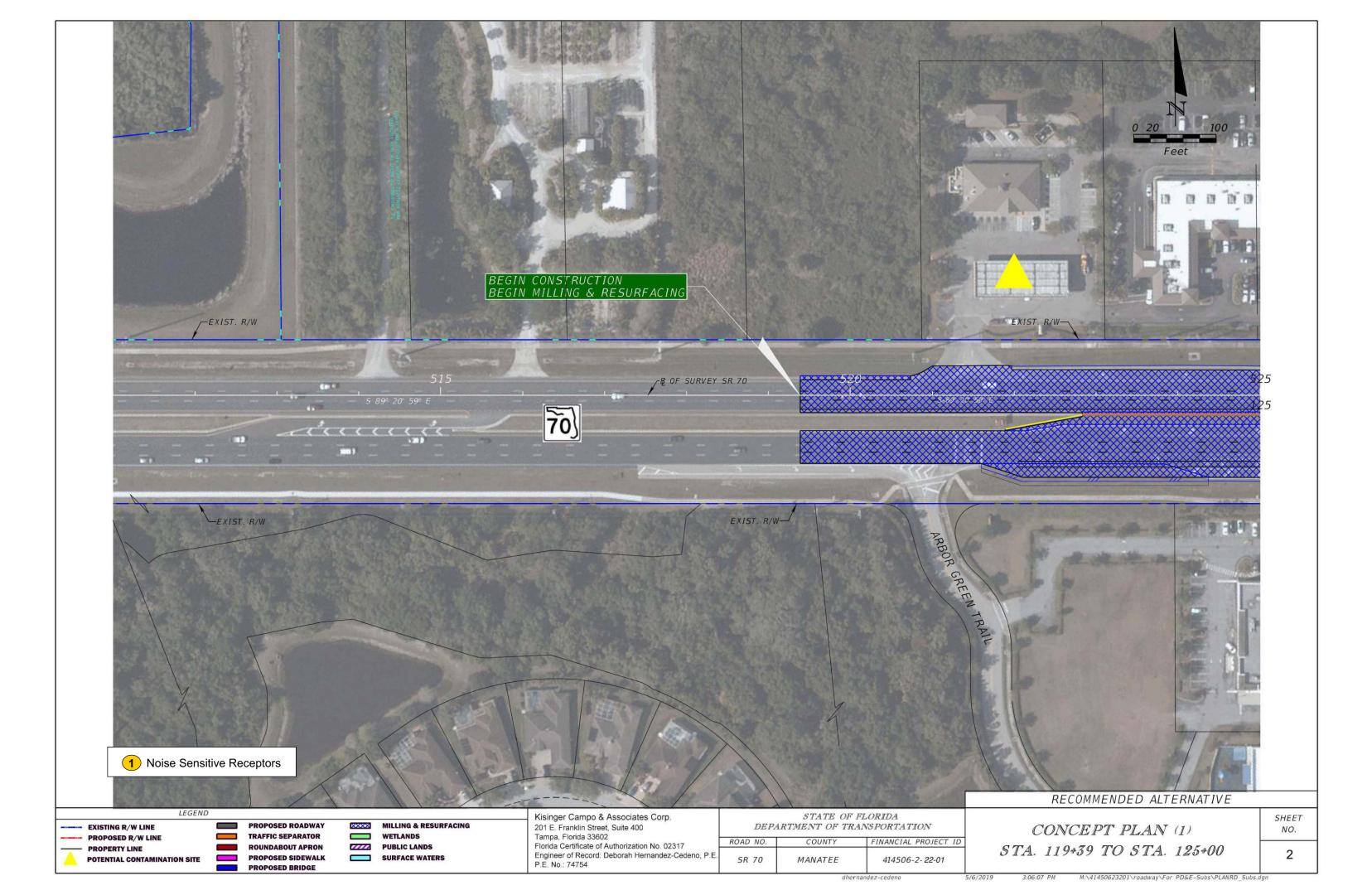
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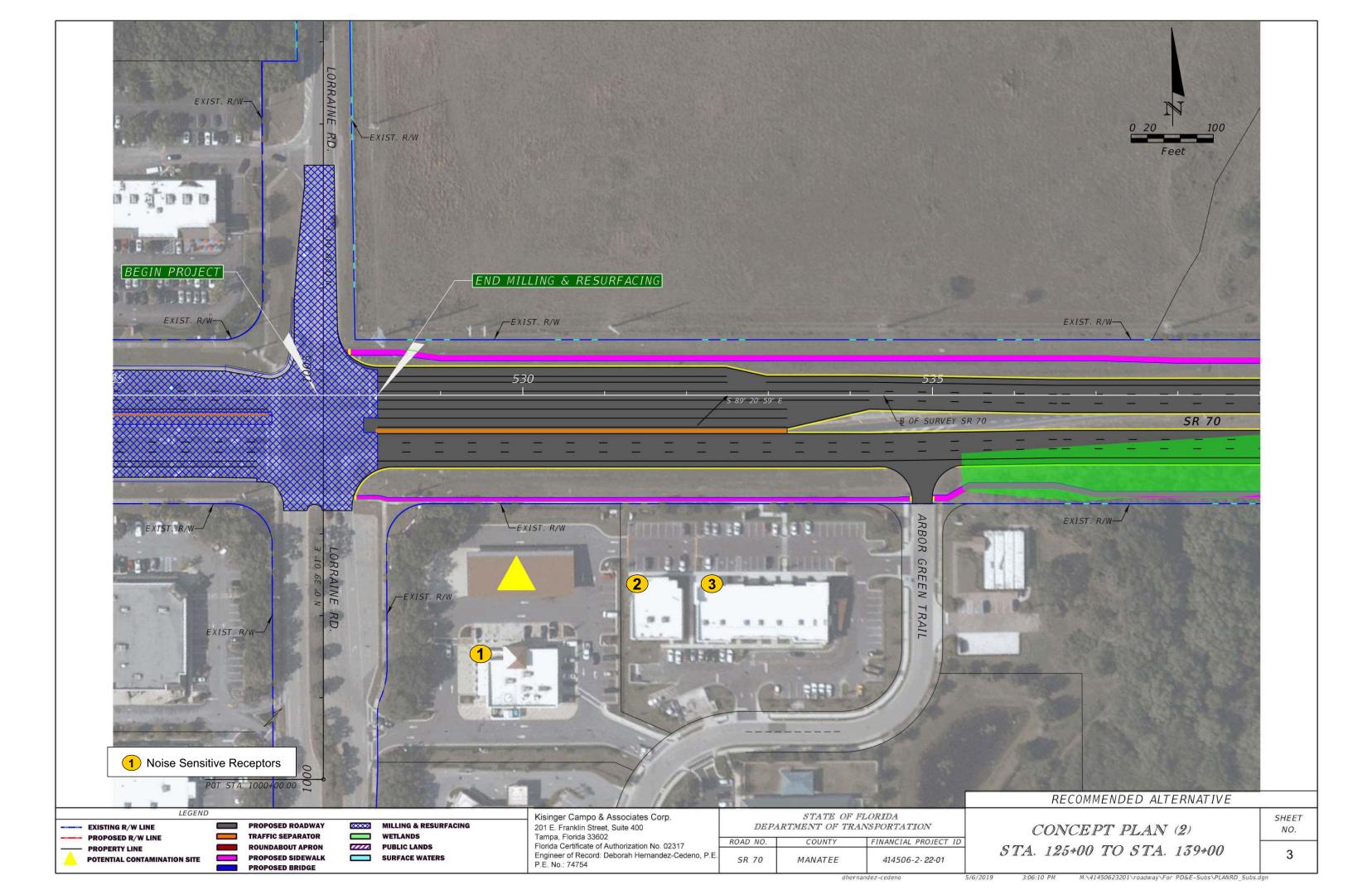
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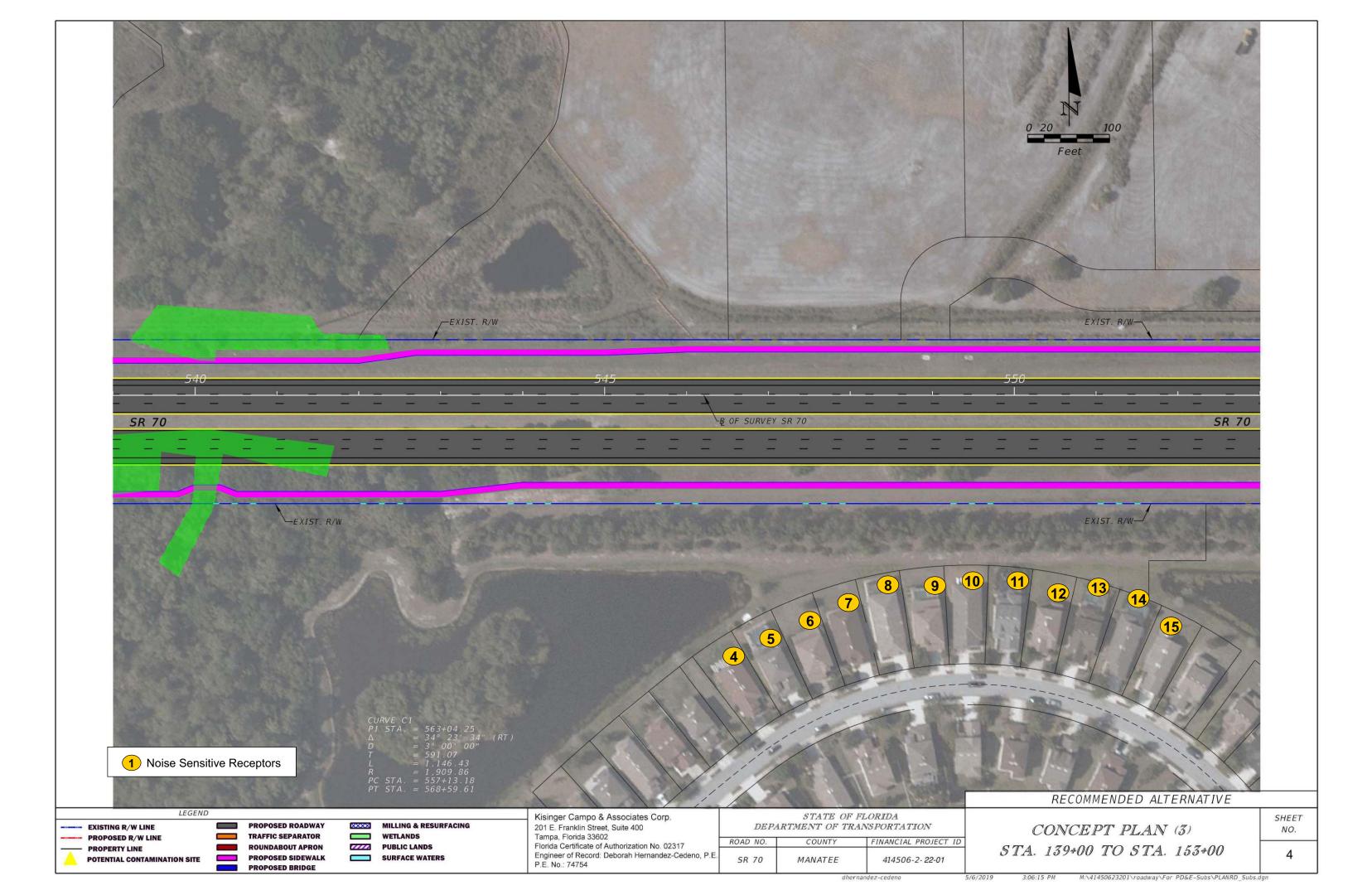
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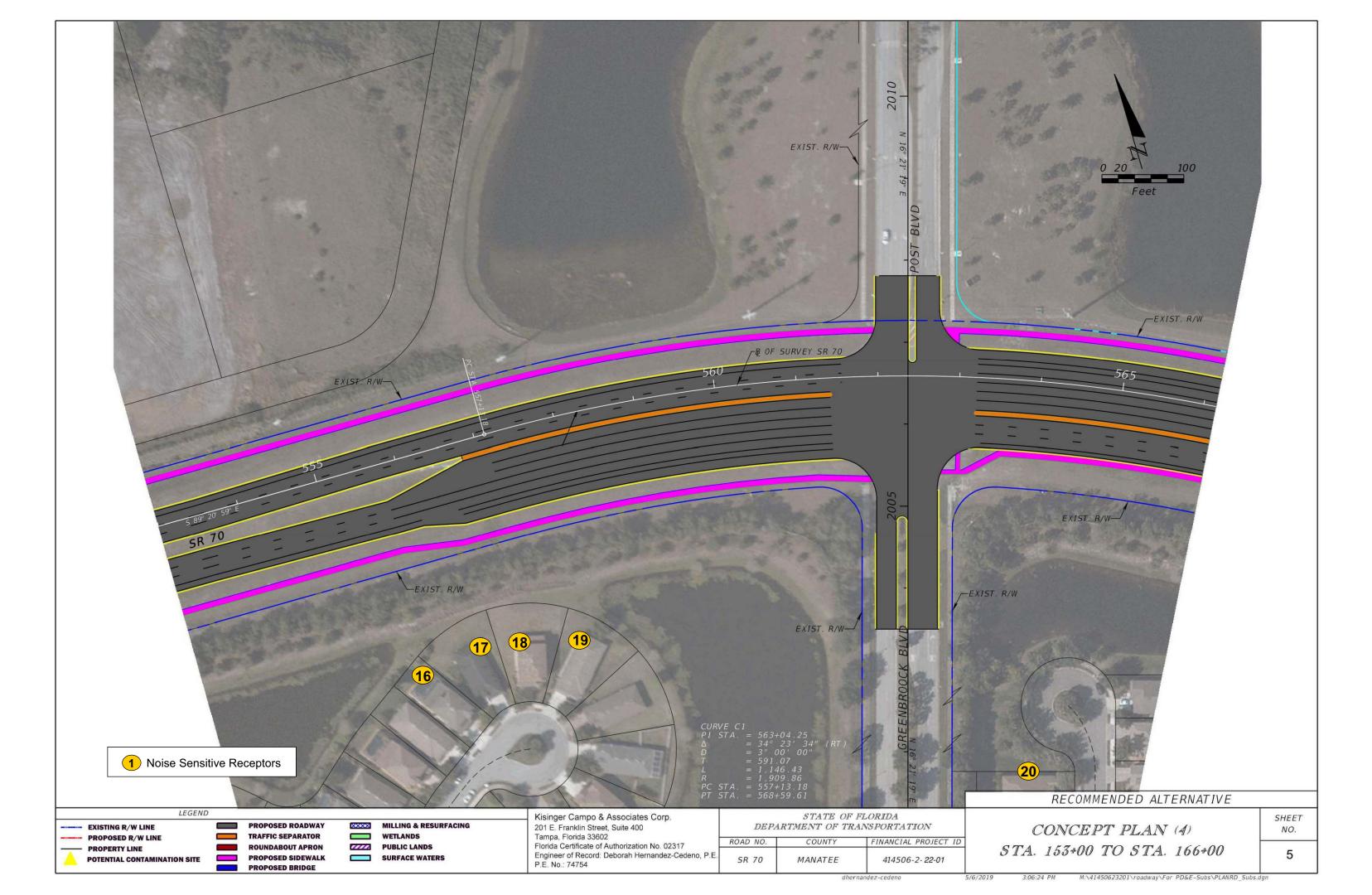
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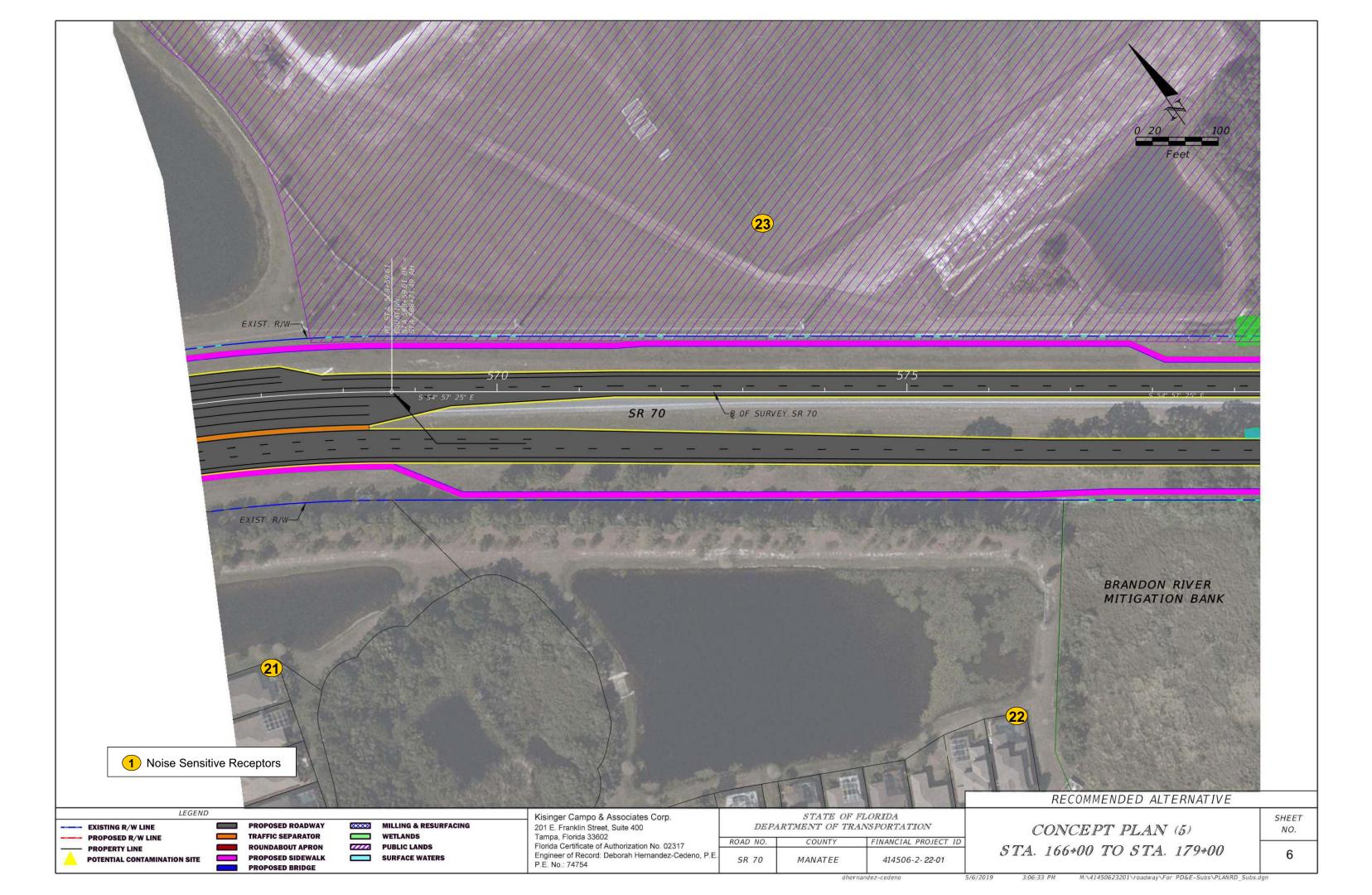
# **Appendix A Project Aerials**

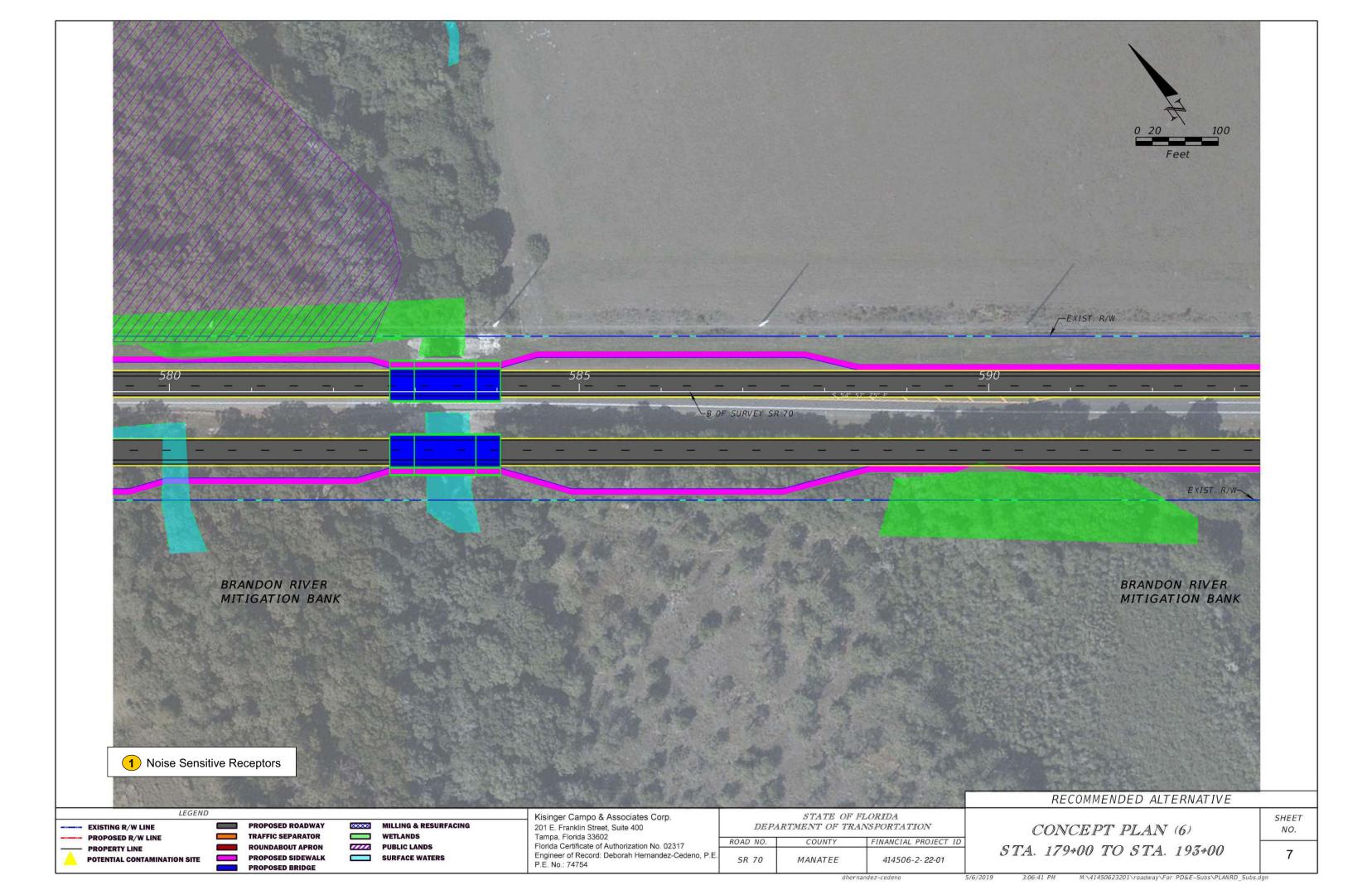


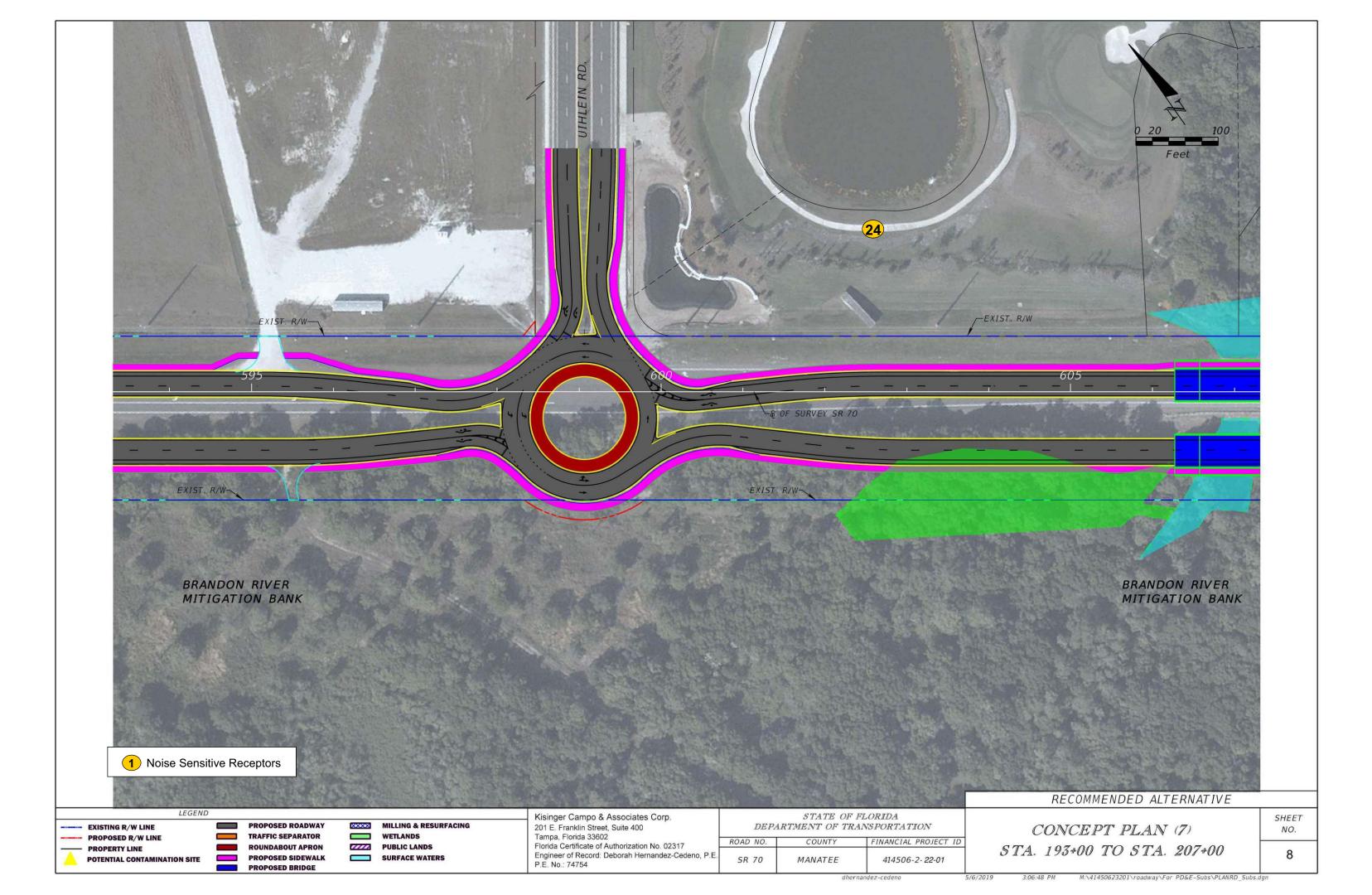


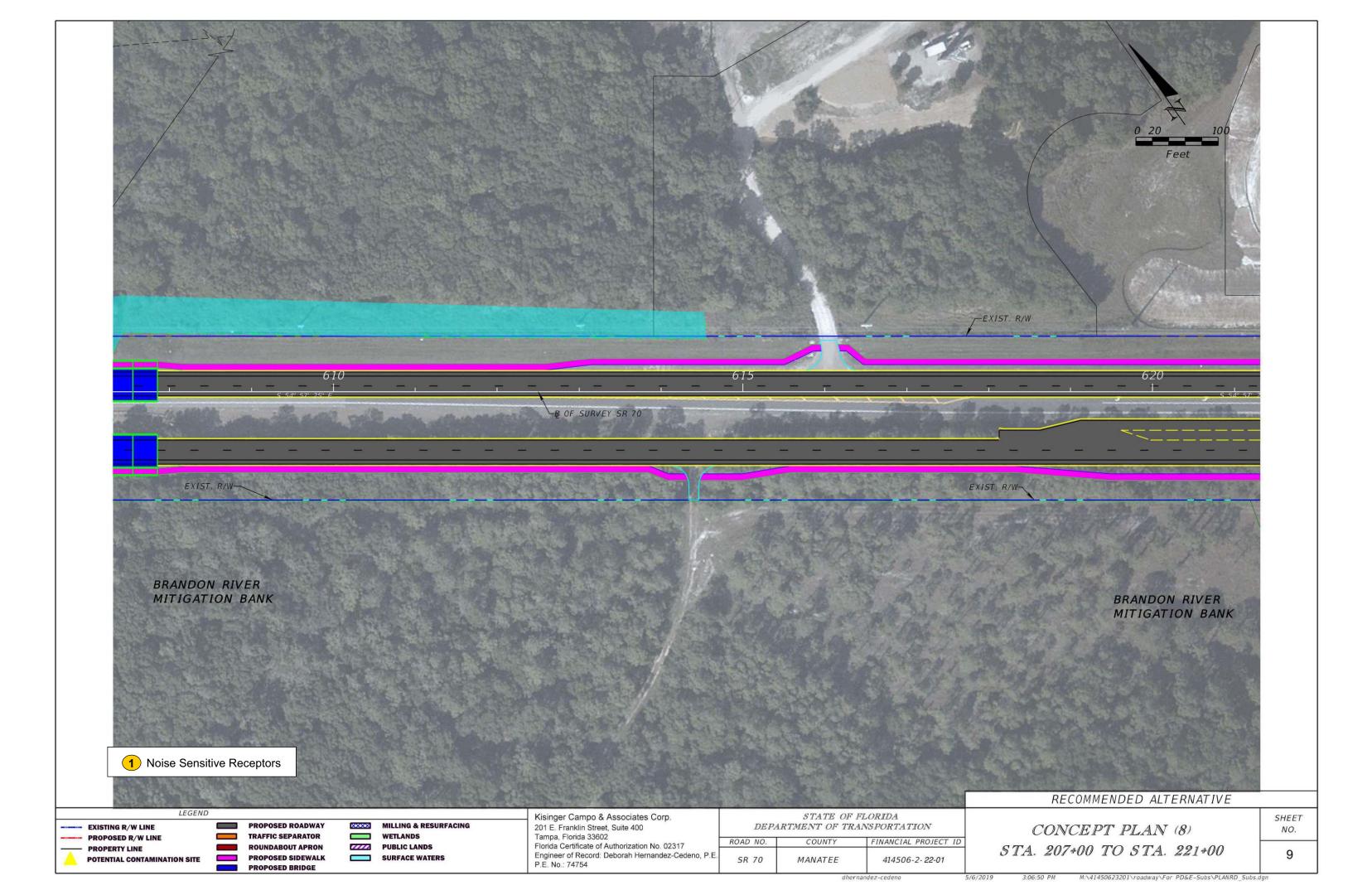


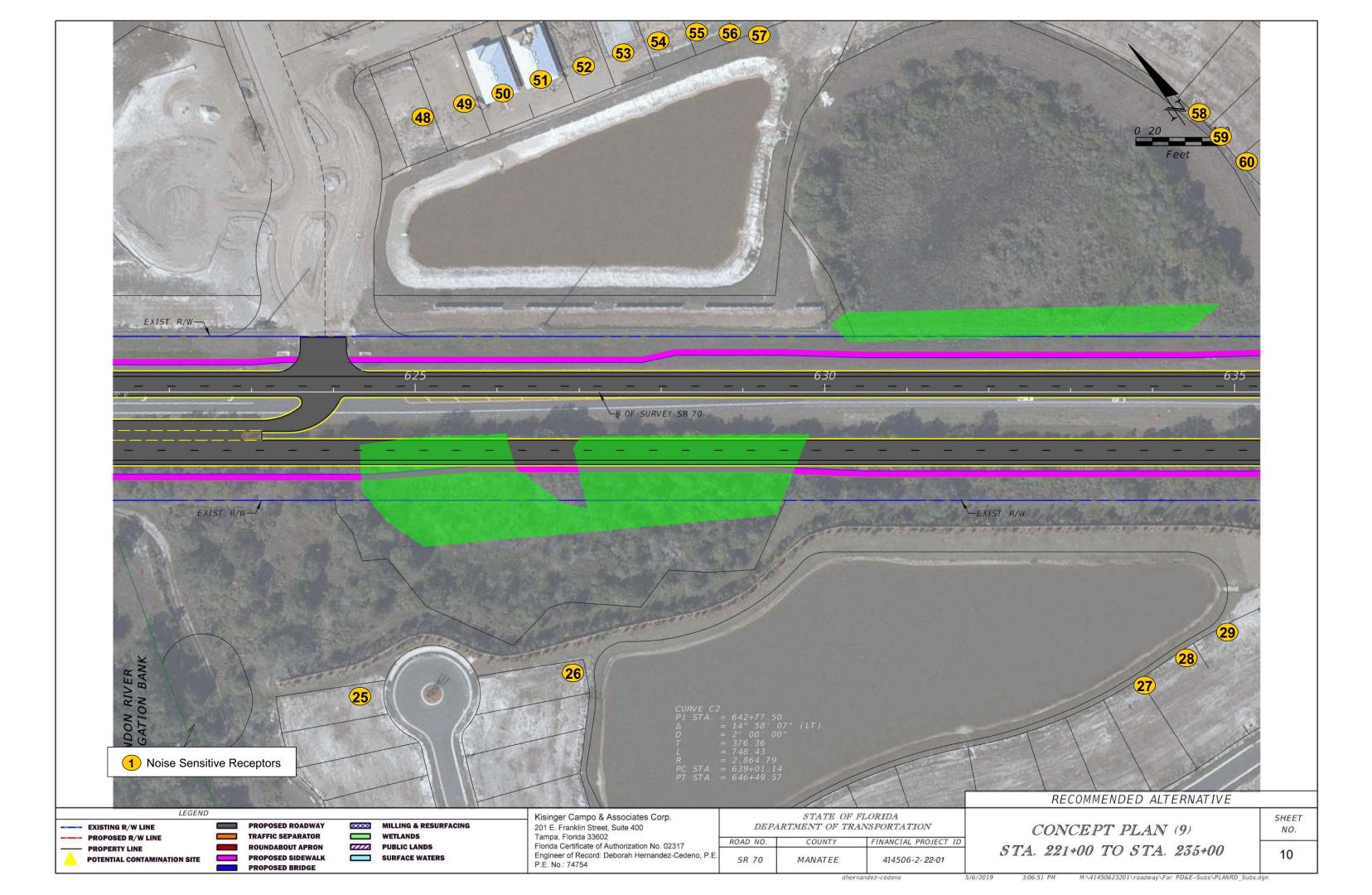


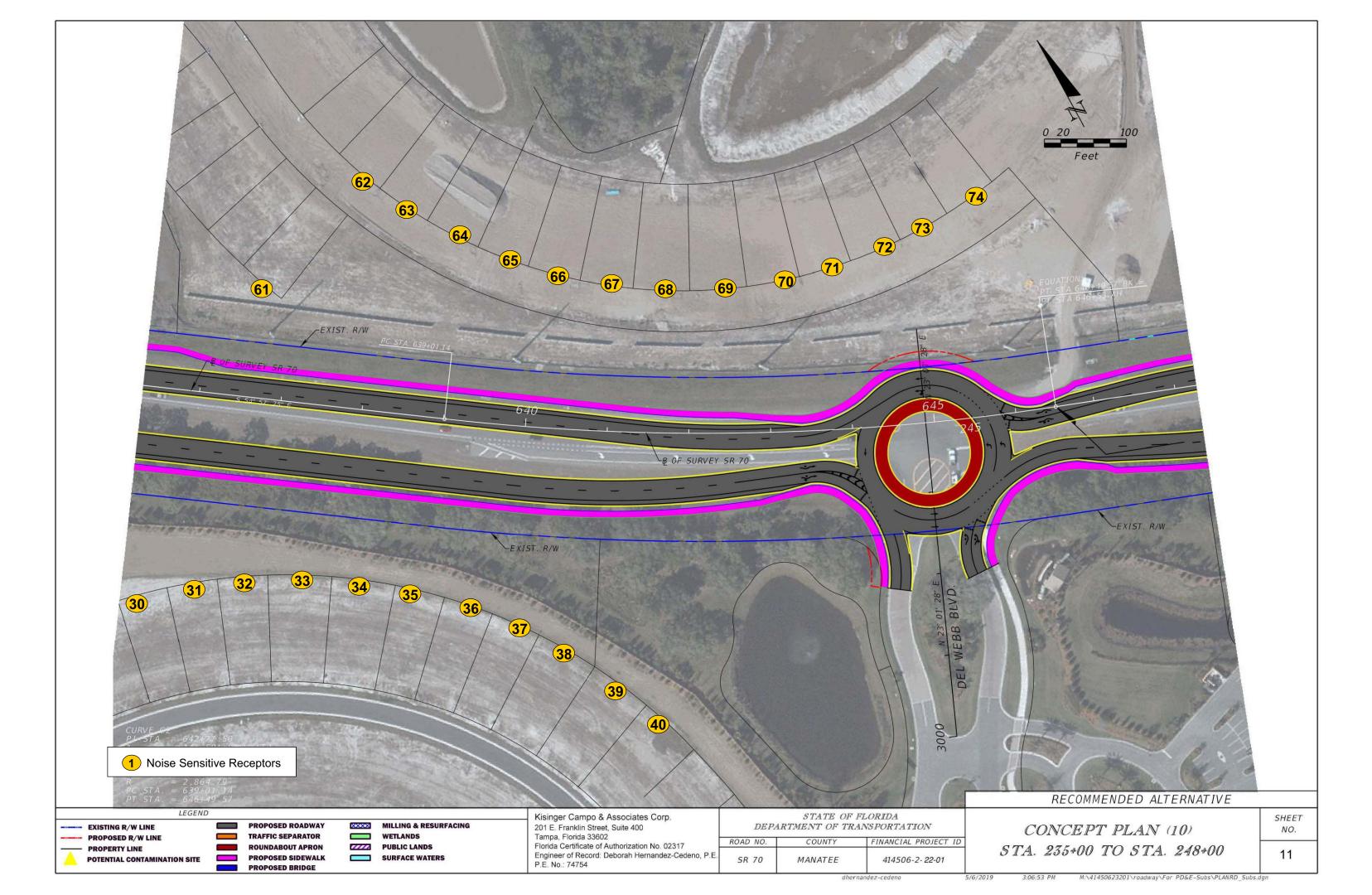


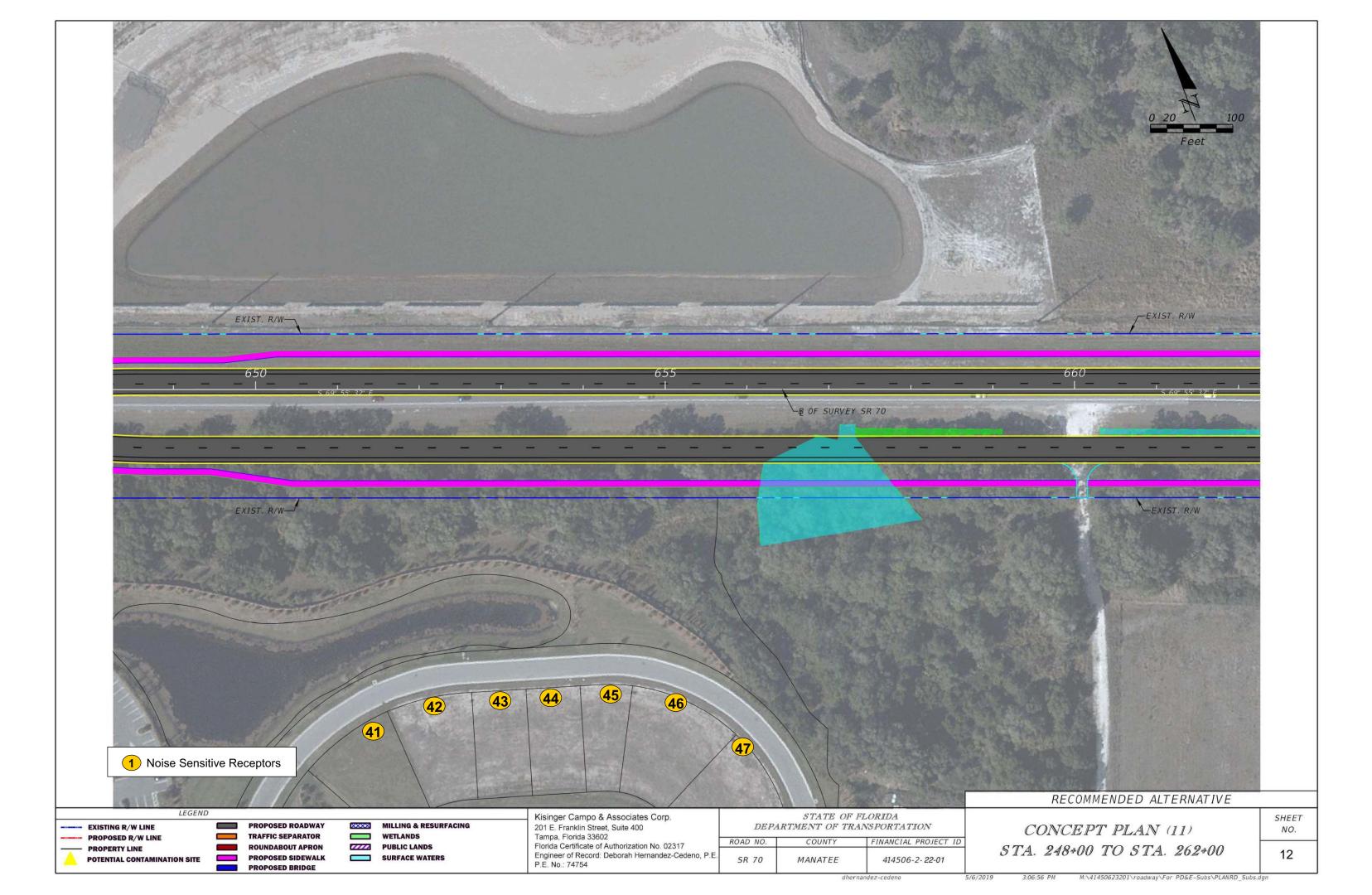


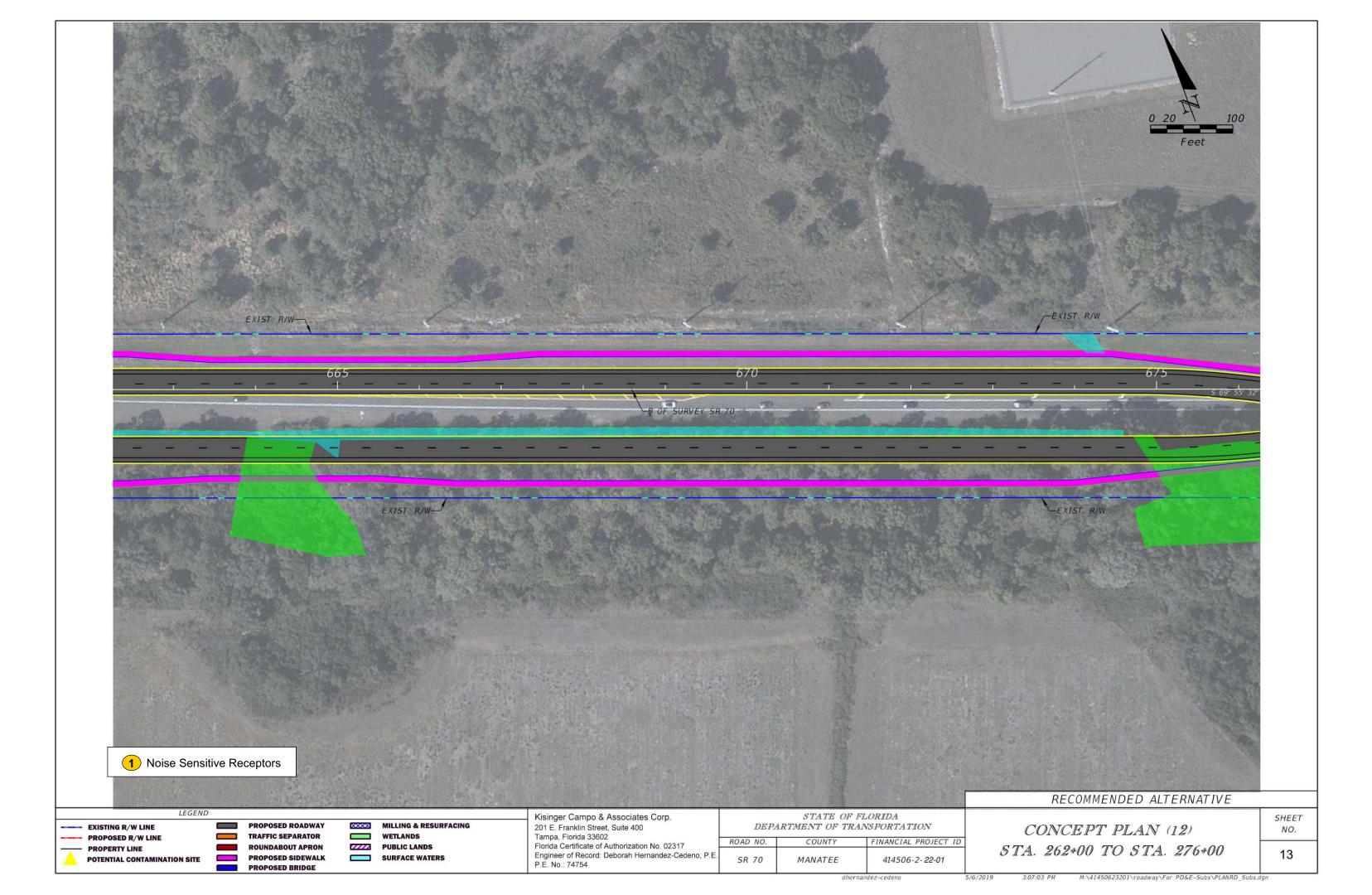


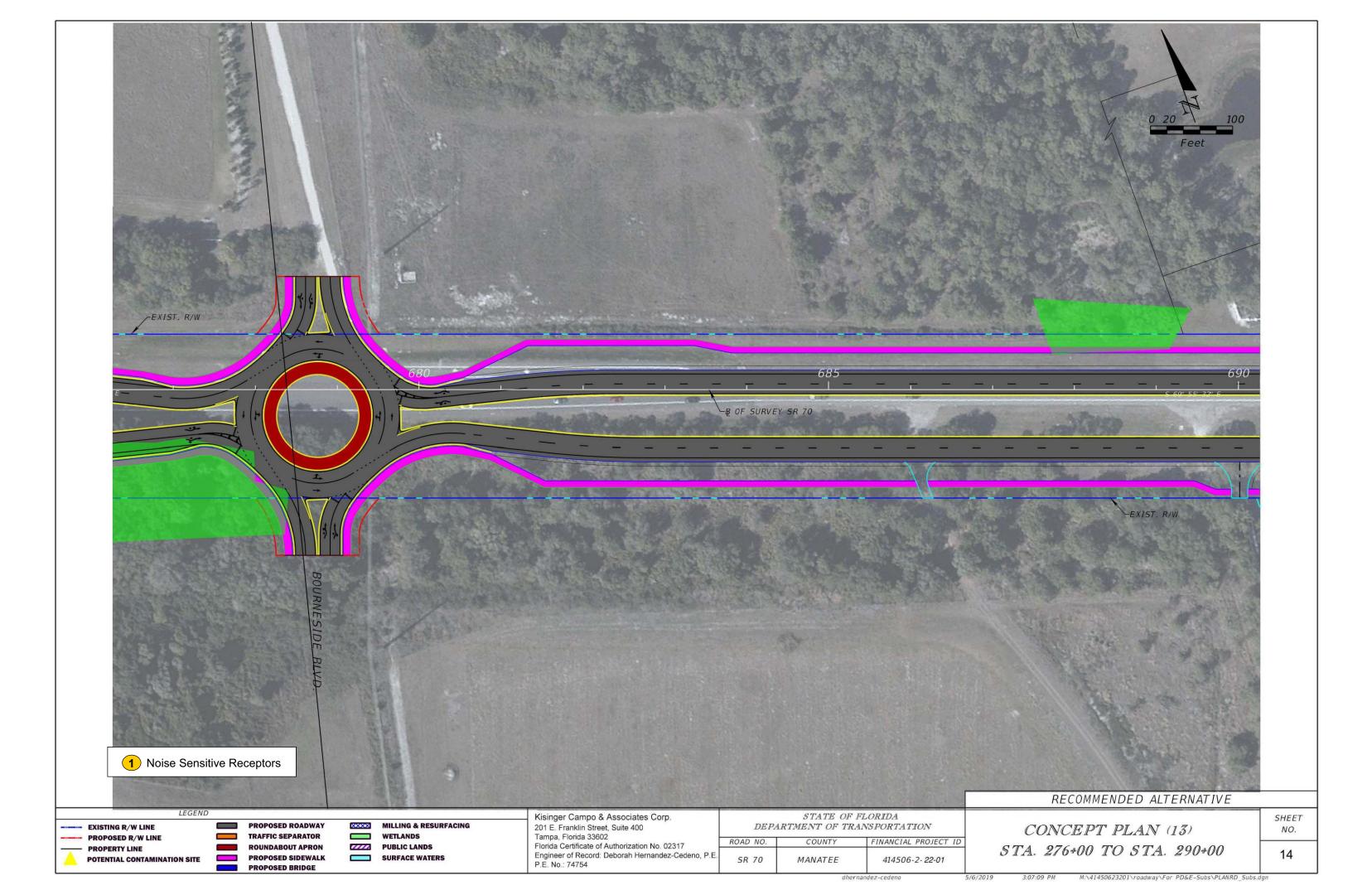


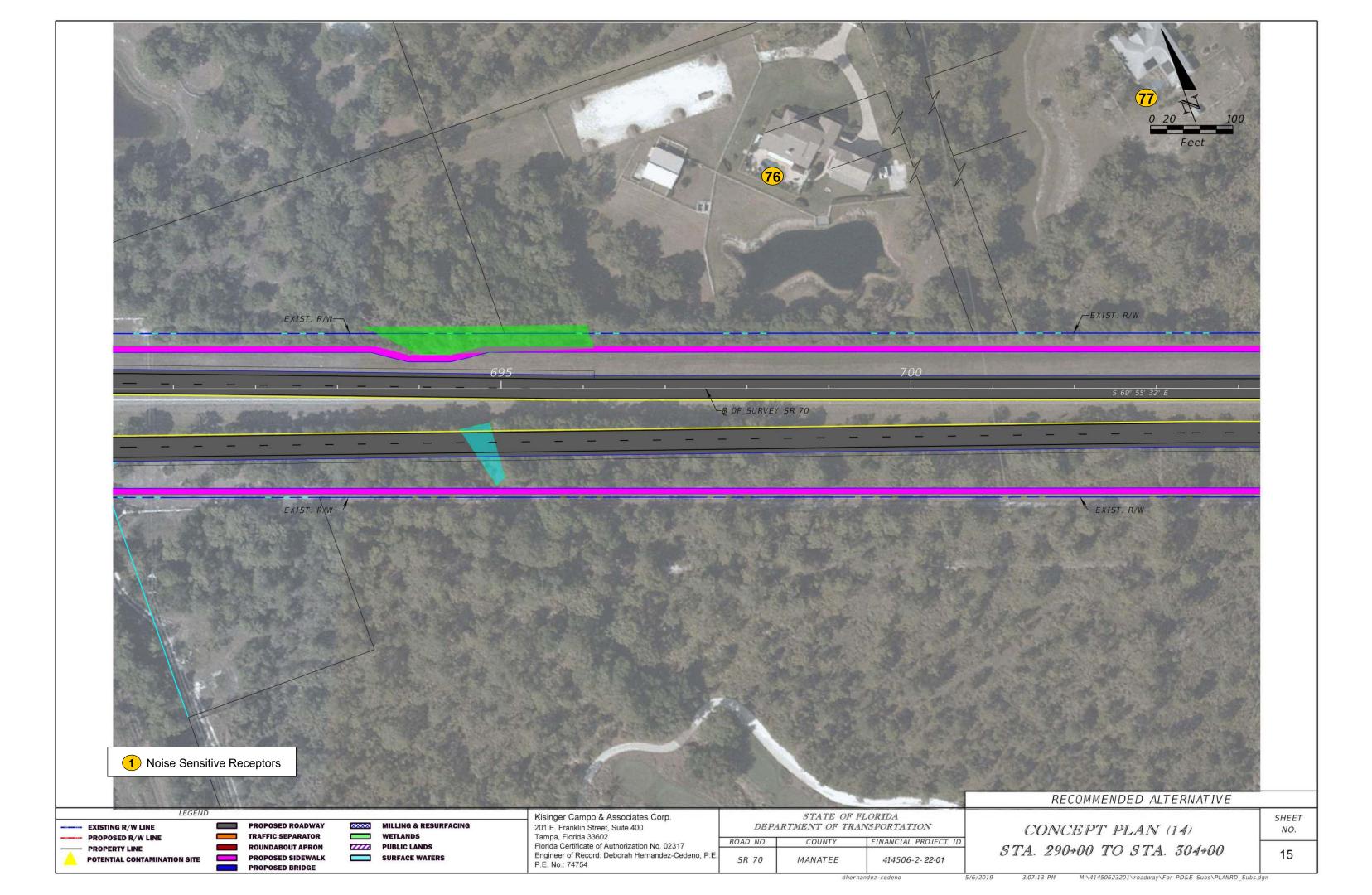


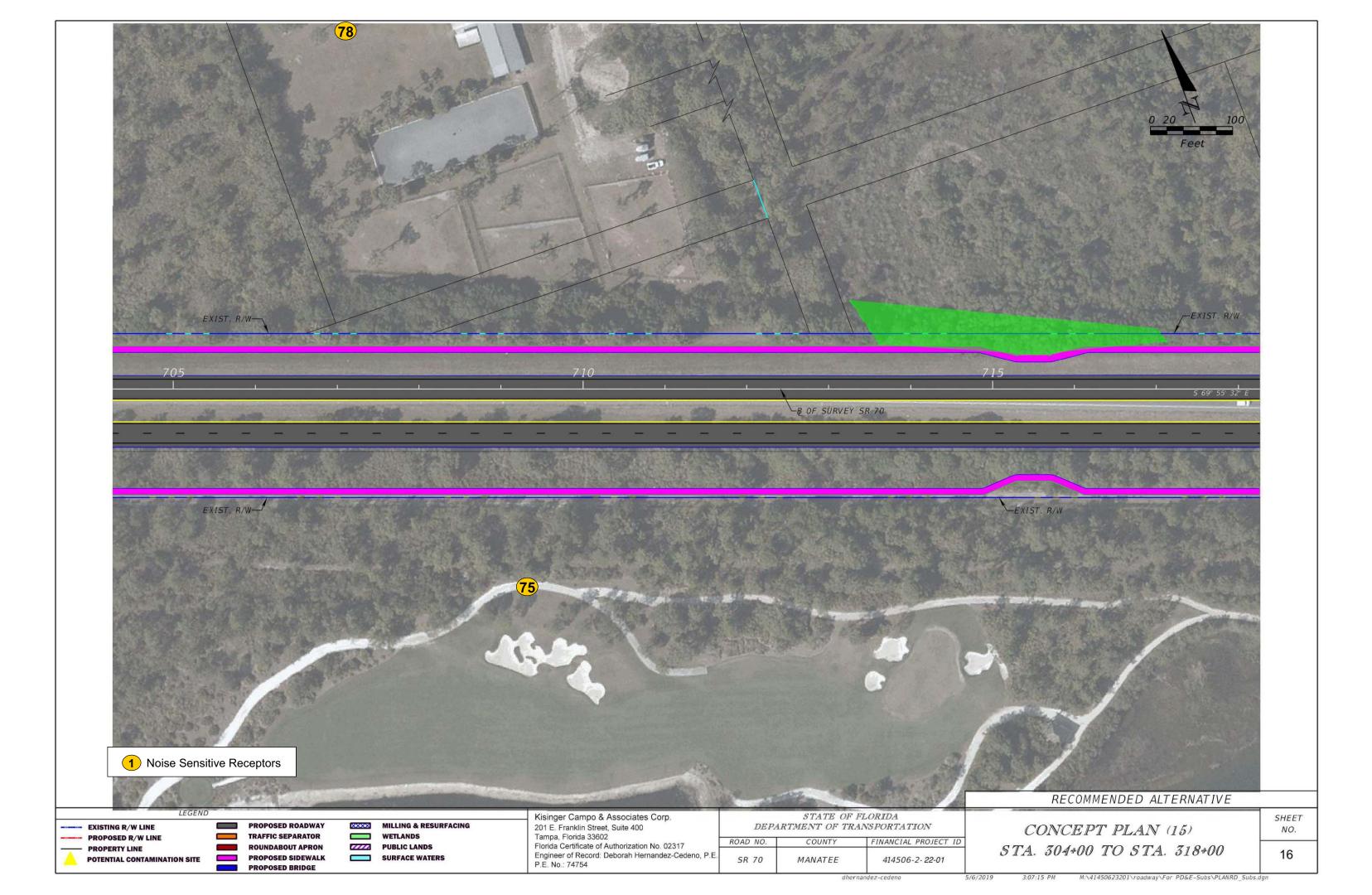


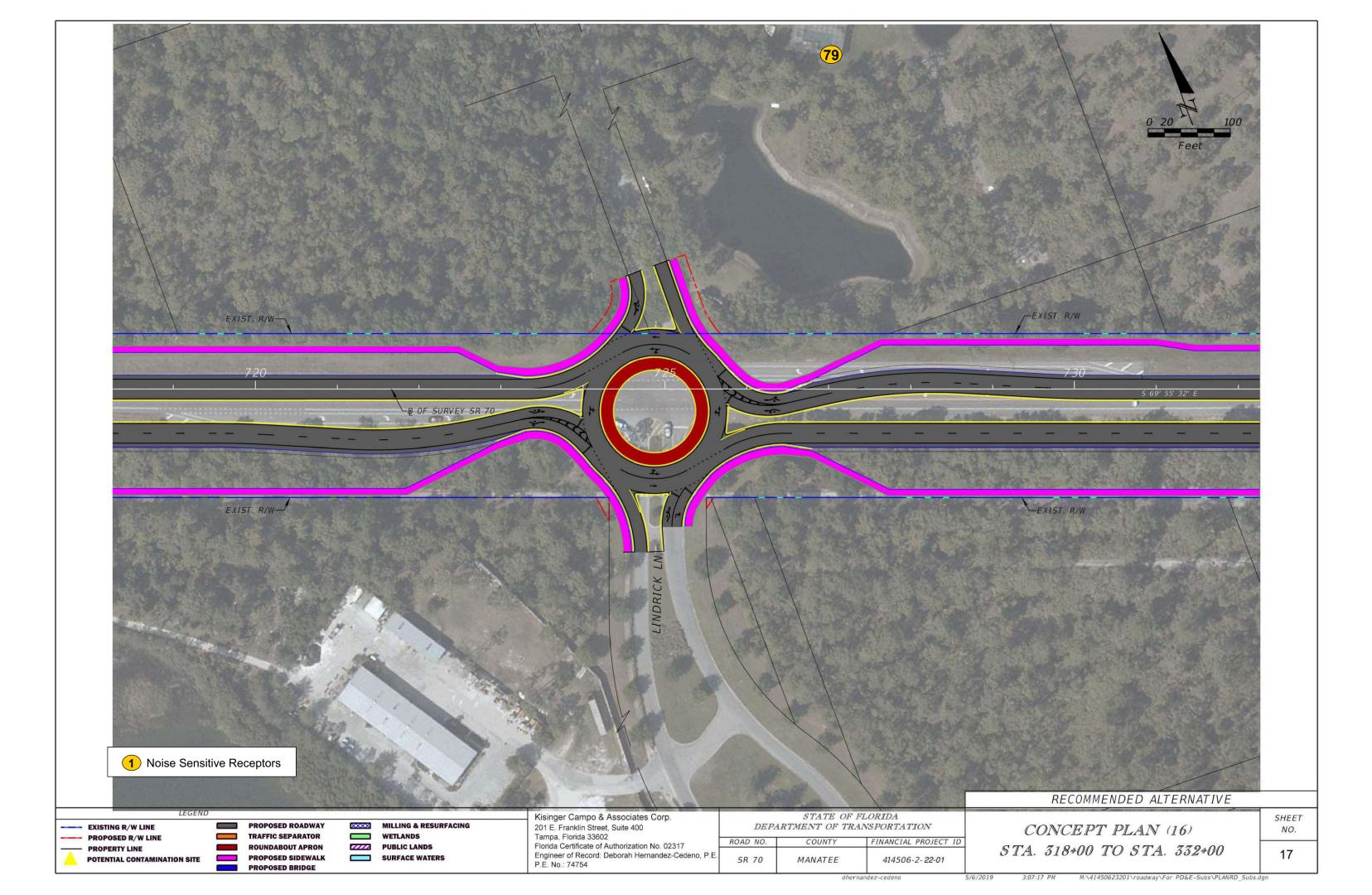


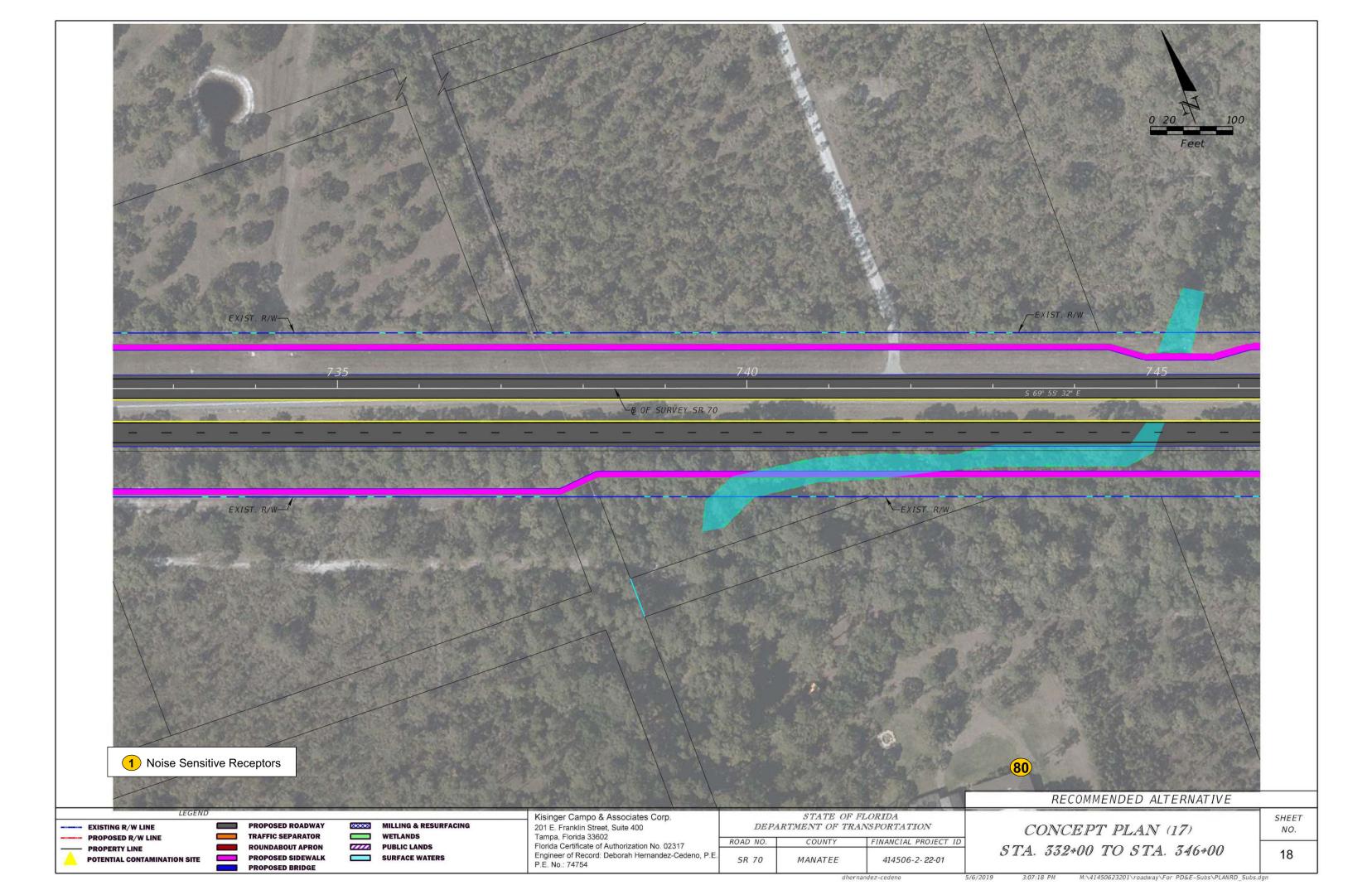


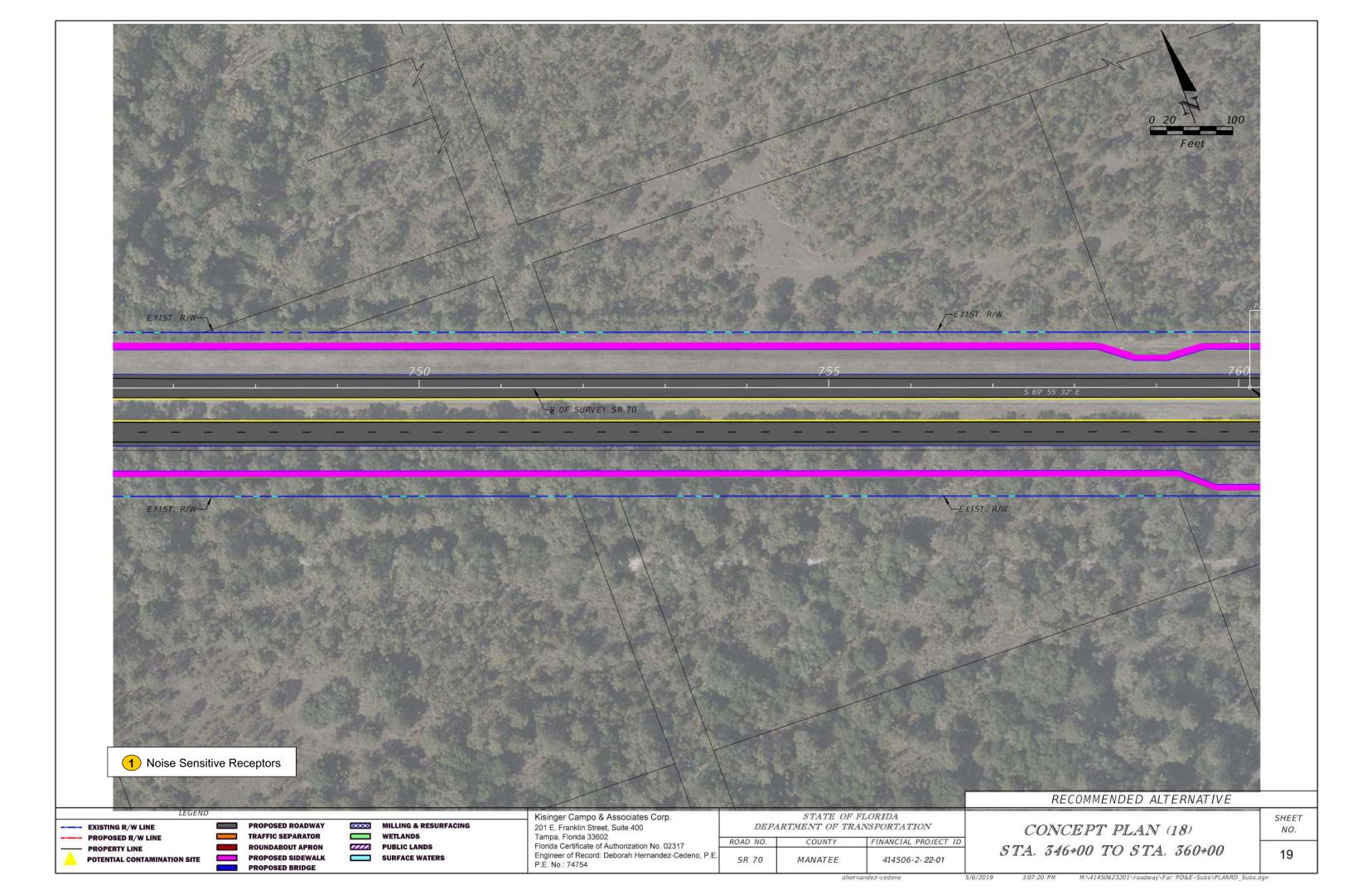


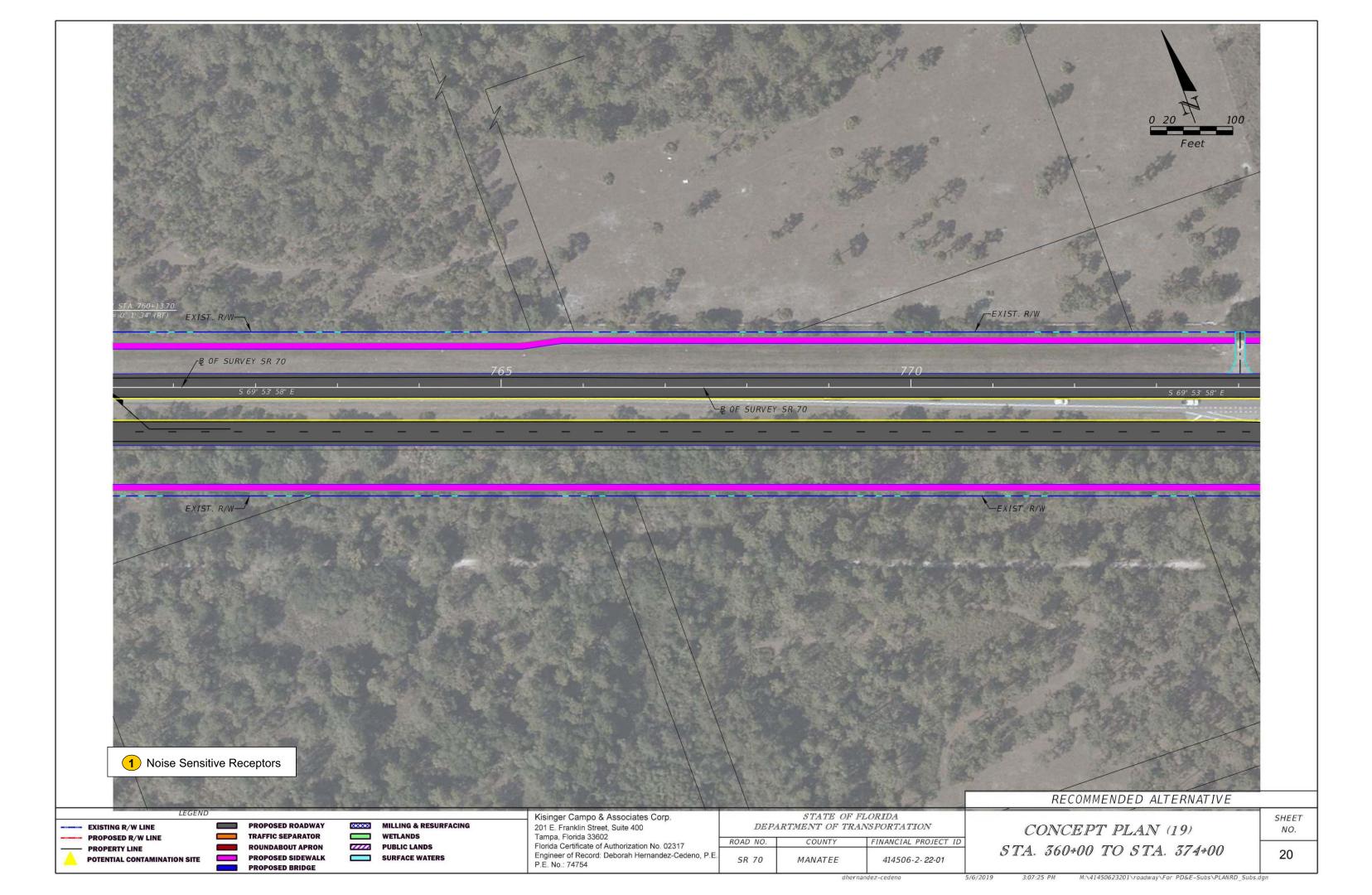


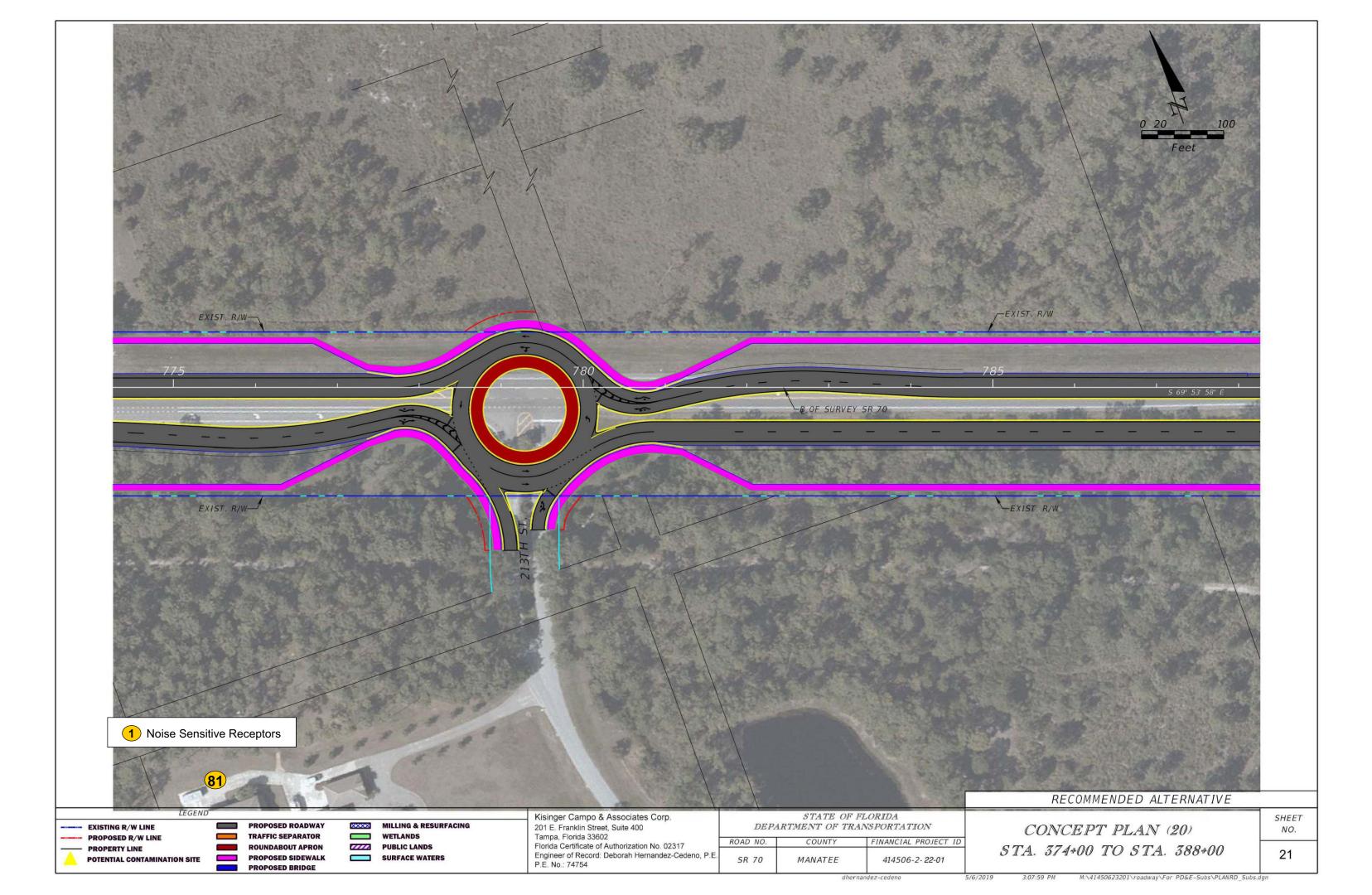


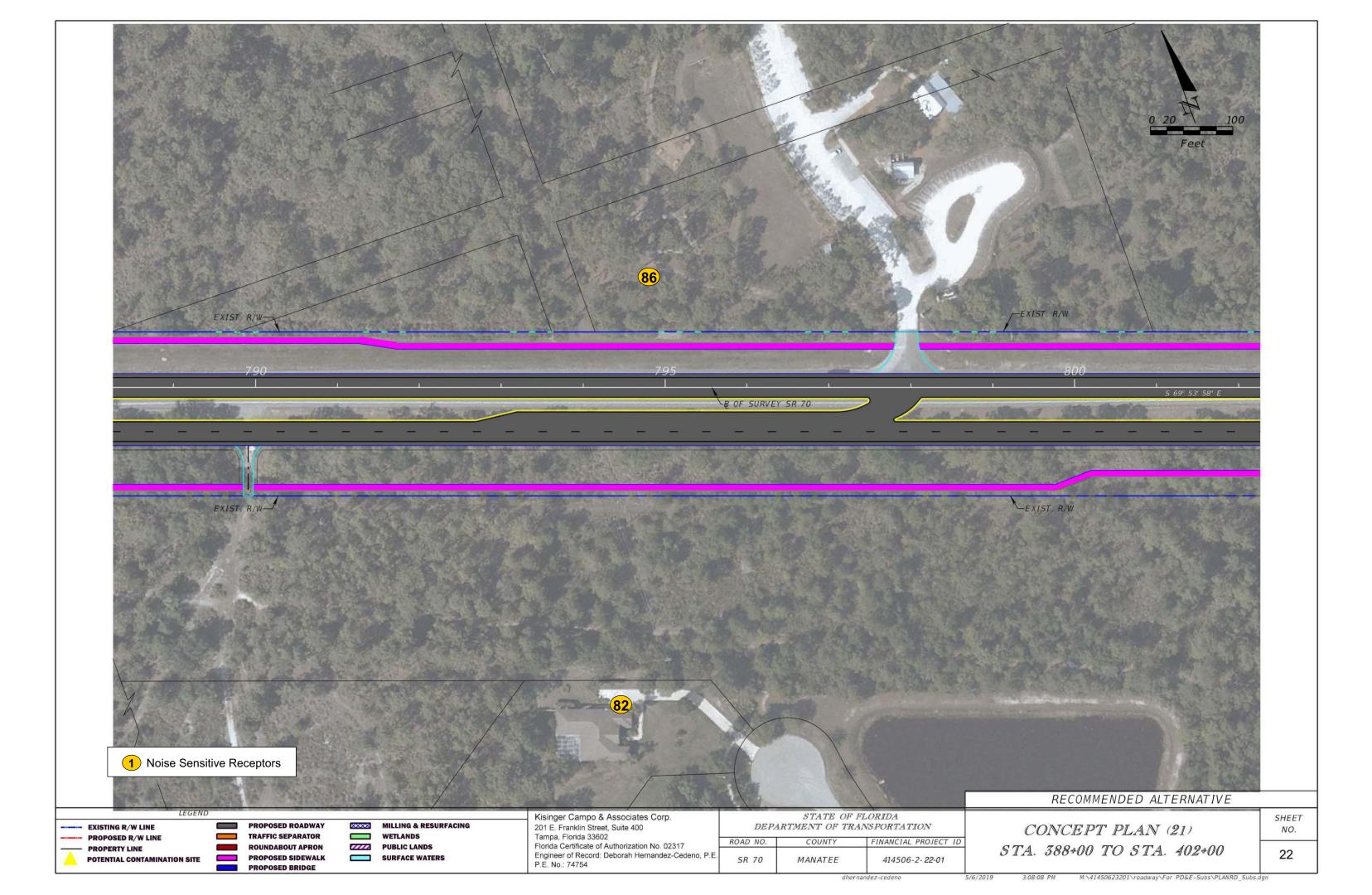


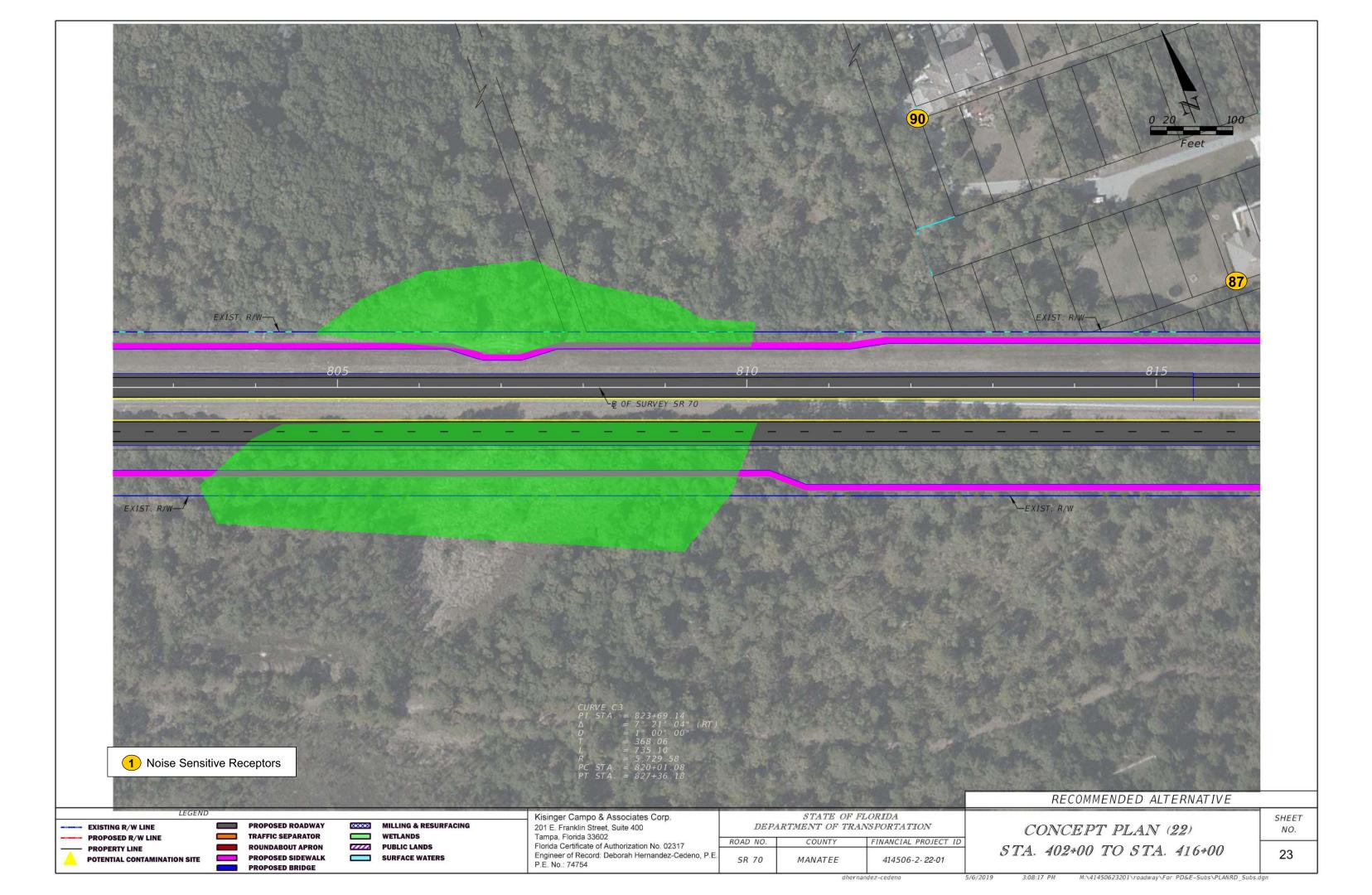


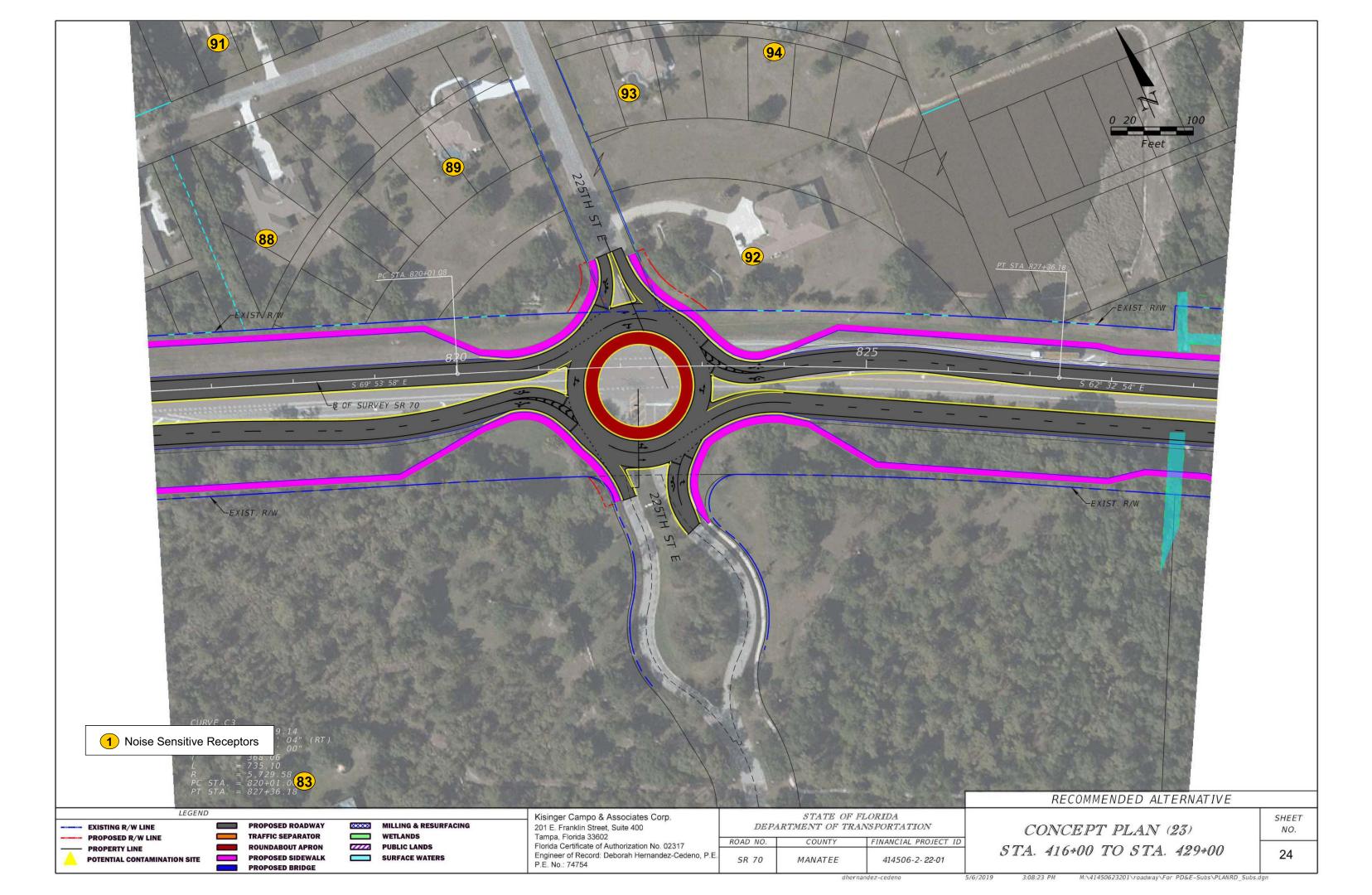


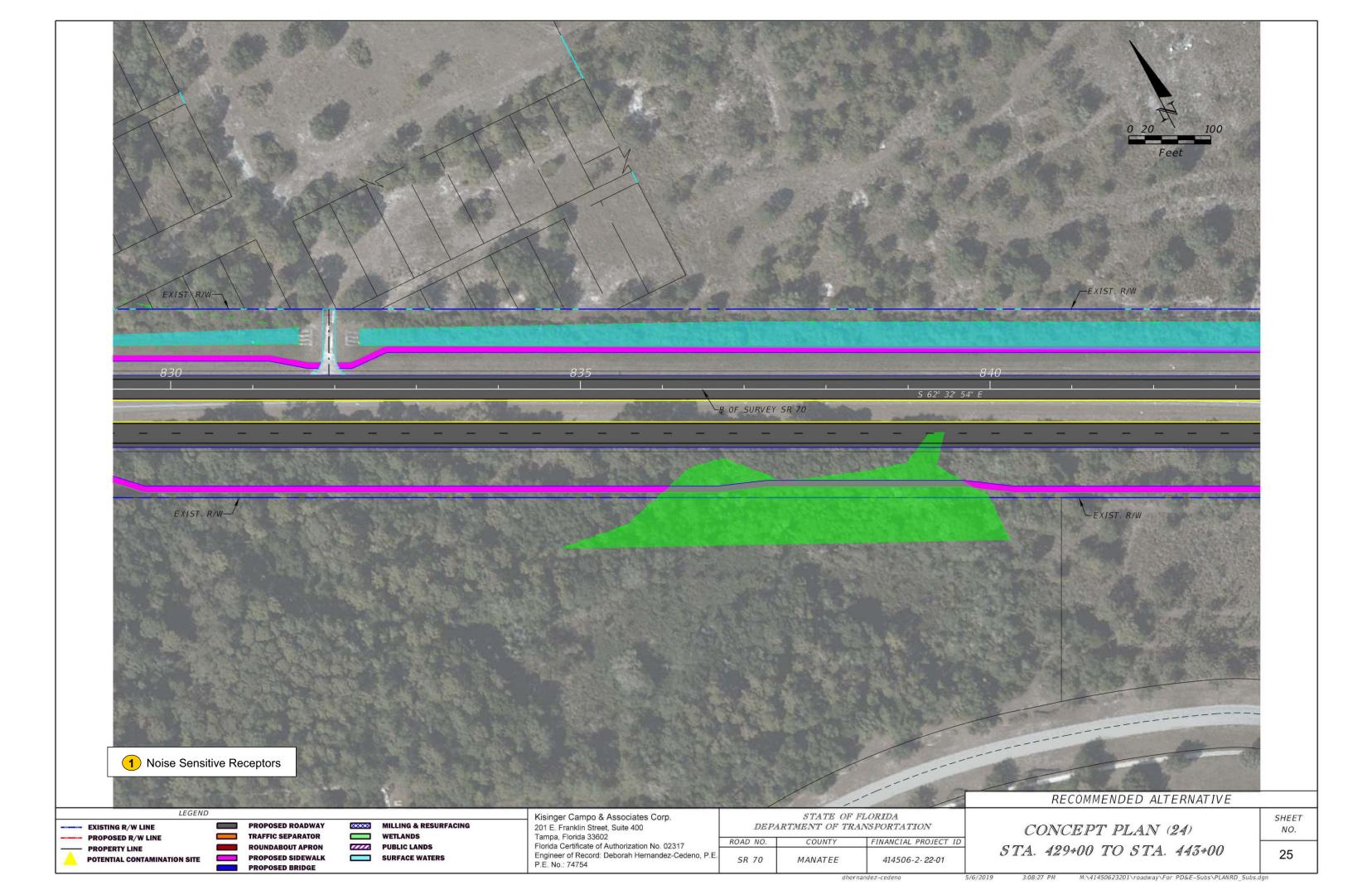


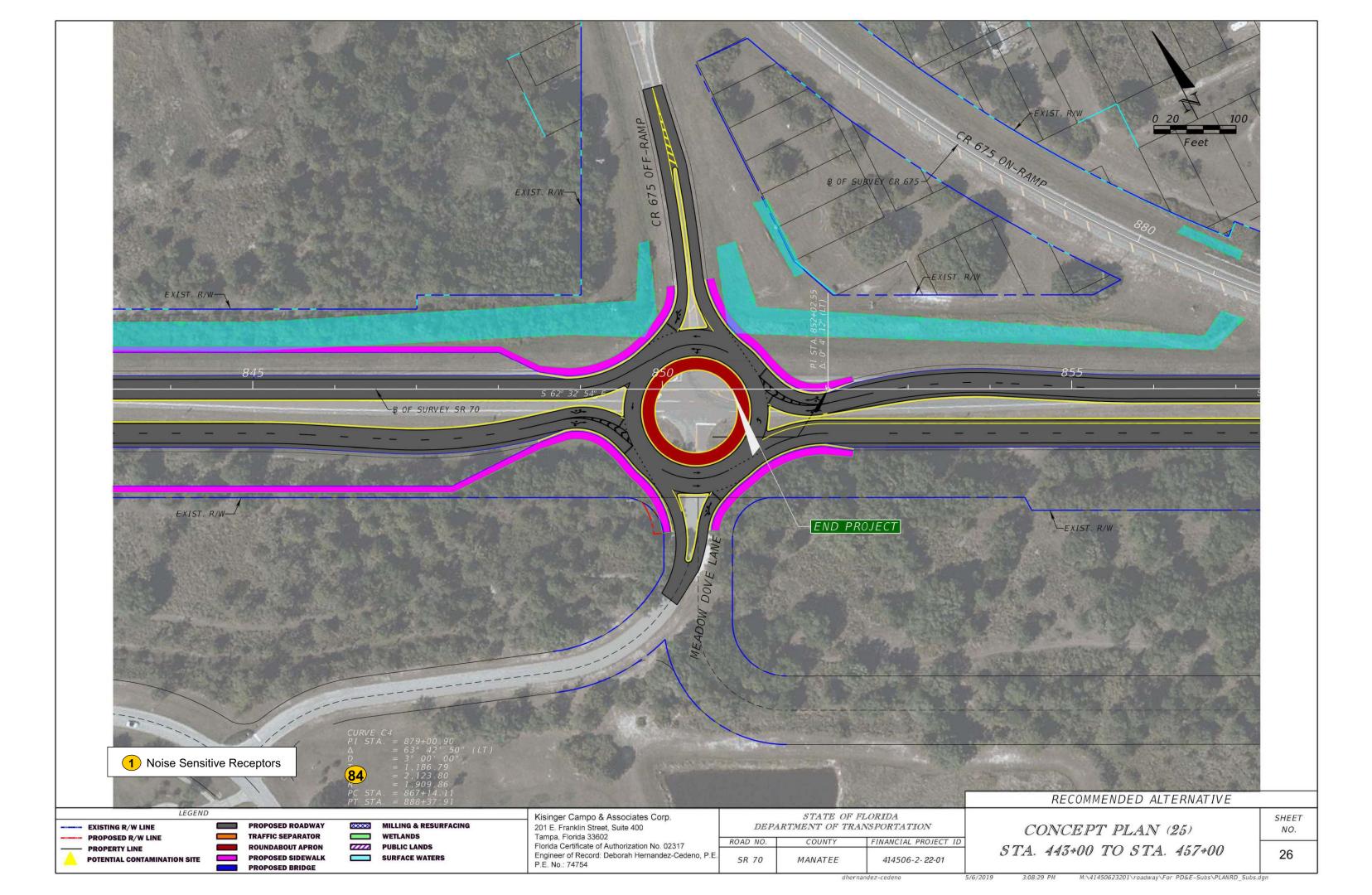


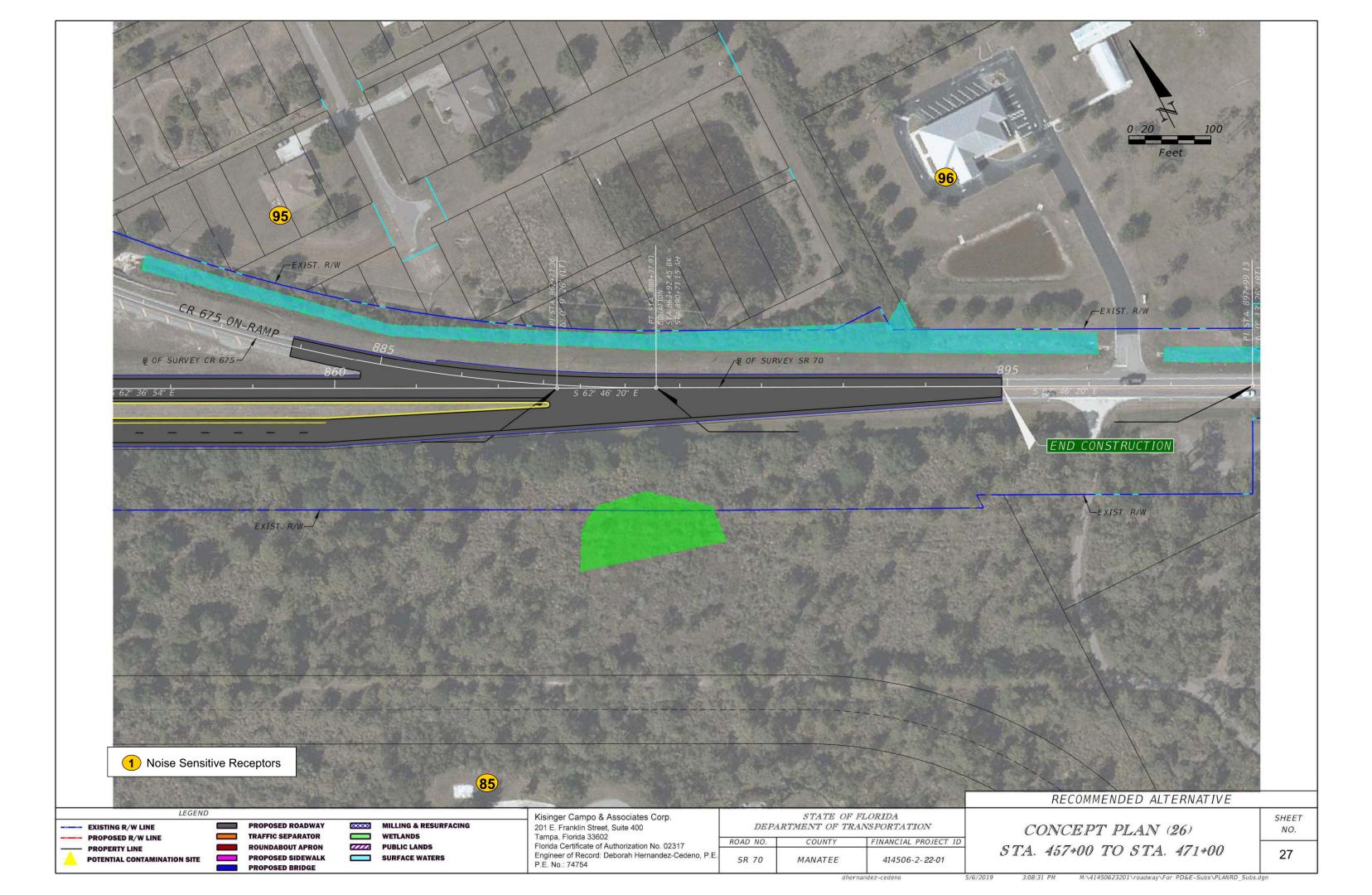


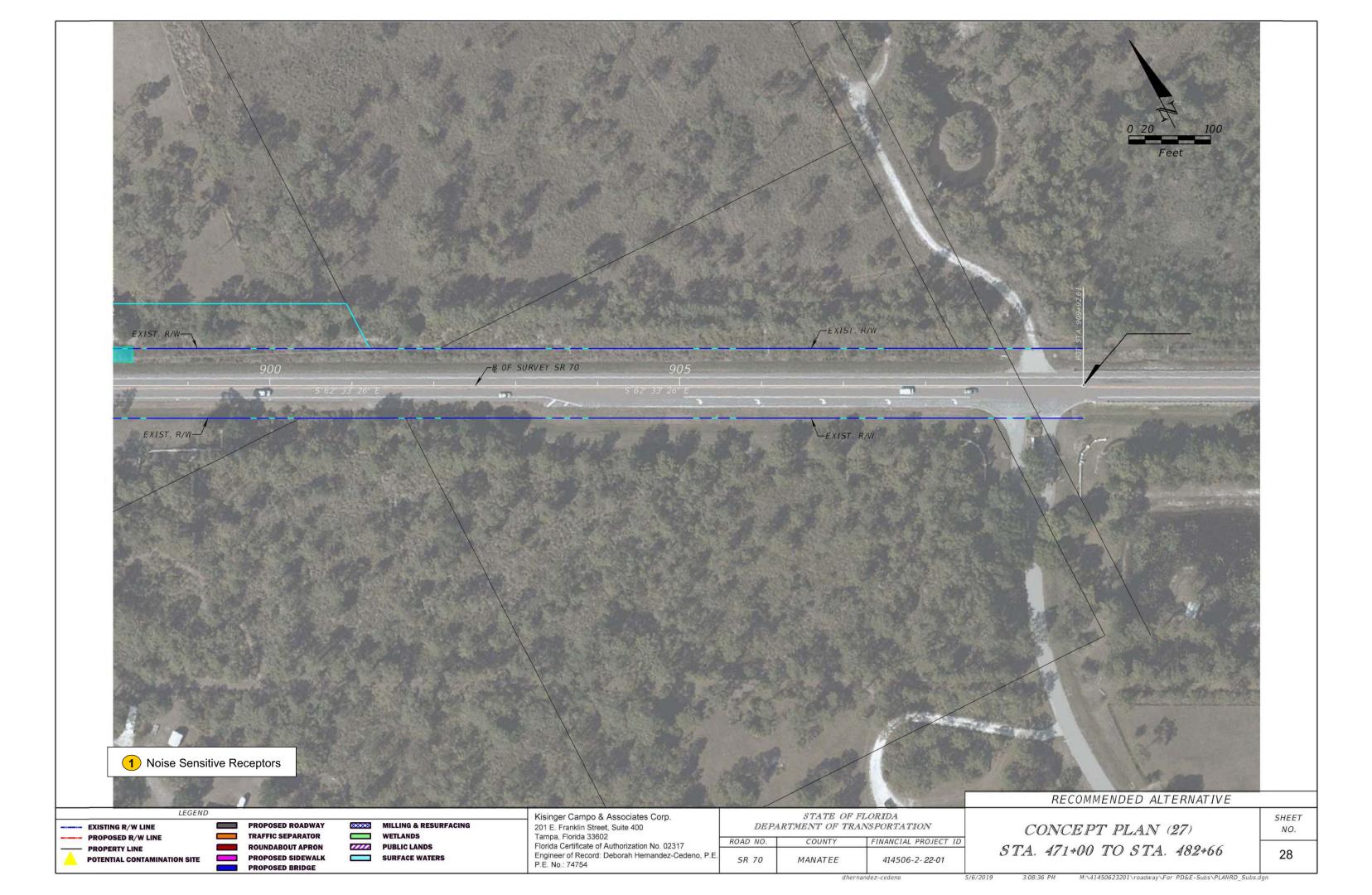












## **Appendix B Traffic Data for Noise Studies**

## TRAFFIC DATA FOR NOISE STUDIES - SUMMARY OUTPUT FDOT DISTRICT 1

Federal Aid Num	ber(s):						
FPID Number(s):	_	4:	14506-2		_		
State/Federal Ro	ute No.:				_		
Road Name:			SR 70		_		
Project Description	on:S	R 70 from Lorraine Road	to CR 675 - Design Traf	fic Report	-		
Segment Descript	tion:	SR 70 from Lon	raine Rd to Post Blvd				
Section Number:			3160000		_		
Mile Post To/Fron	n:	9.47	6 - 10.137		_		
					-		
Existing Facility:				D =	60.50%	_	
Yaar.				T24 =	14.20%	% of 24 Hour Volume	
Year:		2016		Tpeak ≈	7.10%	% of Design Hour Volume	
LOS C Dook House	Pirectional Volume:			MT=	1.96%	% of Design Hour Volume	
Demand Peak Hou		850		HT =	5.07%	% of Design Hour Volume	
Posted Speed:	n volume.	862 50		B =	0.07%	% of Design Hour Volume	
		30		MC=	0.37%	% of Design Hour Volume	
No Build Alternativ	/e (Design Year):			D =	60,50%	1%	
				T24 =	14.20%	% of 24 Hour Volume	
Year:		2045		Tpeak =	7.10%	% of Design Hour Volume	
		10		MT =	1.96%	% of Design Hour Volume	
	irectional Volume:	850		HT =	5.07%	% of Design Hour Volume	
Demand Peak Hou	r Volume:	2529		B =	0.07%	% of Design Hour Volume	
Posted Speed:		50		MC=	0.37%	% of Design Hour Volume	
		THE PARTY	1110-05	-			
Build Alternative (C	Jesign Year):			D =		<b>%</b>	
Year:		2045		T24 =		% of 24 Hour Volume	
rean		2095		Tpeak =		% of Design Hour Volume	100
LOS C Peak Hour Di	ractional Values	2478		MT=	_	% of Design Hour Volume	
Demand Peak Hour		2816		HT =		% of Design Hour Volume	200
Posted Speed:	o diames	45		B= MC=		% of Design Hour Volume	
-				WC 1	0.37%	% of Design Hour Volume	
certify that the al	ove information is	accurate and appropria	ate for use with the tr	affic noise	analysis.		
Prepared By:	Srinivas Kandala						
repared by.		int Name	Signa	ture vous		Date: 4/15/2019	
			J.B. Id				
have reviewed an	d concur that the a	bove information is app	propriate for use with	the traffic	noise anal		
DOT Reviewer:	Christopher L. Simp	oron	( S	A-		Date: 7/15/19	
	Pri	nt Name	Signa	ure		1/1-	

Prepared By	: VHB Date:	6/5/2017	Approved for Use By:		Date:
Federal Aid Number(s)	:0		Section Number:	13160000	_
FPID Number(s)	414506-2		Mile Post To/From:	9.476 - 10.137	<u> </u>
State/Federal Route No.	0				
Road Name	SR 70				
Project Description	SR 70 from Lorraine Road to CR 675 - Des	ign Traffic Report			
Segment Description	SR 70 from Lorraine Rd to Pos	t Blvd			
	Note: Data sheets are to be completed for each segmen	nt having a change in traffic parame	ters (i.e., volume posted s	need typical section)	

			Existing	g	No Bui	ld (Design Year)	Build (Desi	gn Year)	
			Year:	2016	Year:	2045	Year:	2045	
Demand Peak Hour/LOS C	Peak or Off-Peak Direction	Vehicle Type	Posted Speed:	50	Posted Speed:	50	Posted Speed:	45	
Hour/LOS C	Direction		Number of Travel Lanes:	2	Number of Travel Lanes:	2	Number of Travel Lanes:	6	
			Number of V	ehicles	Number of Vehicles		Number of Vehicles		
See Columns t	o Right > for Which Volum	es To Use (Demand or LOS C)	Use LOS	С	ı	Jse LOS C	Use LC	s c	
	Auto		797			2340	260	5	
		Med Trucks	s 17			50	55		
	Peak Direction	Heavy Trucks	44			128	143		
	reak Direction	Buses	1			2	2		
		Motorcycles	3			9	10		
Demand Peak Hour		Total	862		2529		281	5	
		Autos	s 520			1528		2	
		Med Trucks	11			32	36		
	Off-Peak Direction	Heavy Trucks	29			84	93		
	OII-Feak Direction	Buses				1	1		
		Motorcycles	2			6	7		
		Total	563			1651	1839		
		Autos	786			786	229.	2	
		Med Trucks	17		17		49		
	Peak Direction	Heavy Trucks	43		43		126		
	reak birection	Buses	1			1	2		
		Motorcycles	<del> </del>			3	9		
LOS C		Total	850			850	247	3	
2036		Autos				786	229.		
		Med Trucks	17			17	49		
	Off-Peak Direction	Heavy Trucks	43			43	126		
	On-reak Direction	Buses				1	2		
		Motorcycles	3			3	9		
		Total	850			850	247	2478	

## TRAFFIC DATA FOR NOISE STUDIES - SUMMARY OUTPUT FDOT DISTRICT 1

Federal Aid Nur	mber(s):			
FPID Number(s		41	4506-2	_
State/Federal R Road Name:	Route No.:			
Project Descript	tion:		SR 70 o CR 675 - Design Traffic Report	_
,		3N 70 HOM CONTAINE NOAU L	O CR 675 - Design Traffic Report	-
Segment Descri	_	SR 70 from Pos	t Blvd to Uihlein Rd	
Section Number	_	13:	160000	_
Mile Post To/Fro	om:	10.13	7 - 10.850	_
Existing Facility:			D=	60.50% %
			T24 =	14.20% % of 24 Hour Volume
Year:		2016	Tpeak =	7.10% % of Design Hour Volume
los s s l . u			MT=	1.96% % of Design Hour Volume
	Directional Volun		HT≍	5.07% % of Design Hour Volume
Demand Peak Ho Posted Speed:	our volume:	747 60	B =	0.07% % of Design Hour Volume
r osted speed.		60	MC=	0.37% % of Design Hour Volume
No Build Alternat	tive (Design Year):		D =	60.50% %
			T24 =	14.20% % of 24 Hour Volume
Year:		2045	Tpeak =	7.10% % of Design Hour Volume
		- 12 D -	MT =	1.96% % of Design Hour Volume
	Directional Volum	e: 850	HT =	5.07% % of Design Hour Volume
Demand Peak Ho	ur Volume:	1667	B =	0.07% % of Design Hour Volume
Posted Speed:		60	MC =	0.37% % of Design Hour Volume
Build Alternative	(Design Year):		France 0=	60.50% %
			T24 =-	14.20% % of 24 Hour Volume
Year		2045	Tpeak =	7,10% % of Design Hour Volume
			MT=	1.96% % of Design Hour Volume
	Directional Volume		HT HT	5.07% % of Design Hour Volume
Demand Peak Hou	ir Volume:	1954	B =	0.07% % of Design Hour Volume
Posted Speed:		50	MC=	0.37% % of Design Hour Volume
				Mary Control of Contro
certify that the a	above informatio	n is accurate and appropriat	te for use with the traffic noise	analysis.
Prepared By:	Srinivas Kandal			
		Print Name	Signature	Date: 4/15/2019
have reviewed a	nd concur that th	e above information is app	ropriate for use with the traffic	noise analysis
			AHA	1 - 1
DOT Reviewer:	Christopher L. S			Date: 7/15/19
		Print Name	Signature	
			1	

Prepared By:	VHB	Date:	6/5/2017	Approved for Use By:		Date:	
Federal Aid Number(s):	0			Section Number:	13160000	<u>-</u>	
FPID Number(s):		414506-2		Mile Post To/From:	10.137 - 10.850	<u>-</u>	
State/Federal Route No.:		0					
Road Name:		SR 70					
Project Description:	SR 70 from Lorra	ine Road to CR 675 - Design Traffic	Report				
Segment Description:	SR 7	0 from Post Blvd to Uihlein Rd					
	Note: Data sheets are to be con	npleted for each segment having a	change in traffic param	eters (i.e., volume posted s	peed, typical section)		

			ı	existing	No Bu	ild (Design Year)	Build (D	esign Year)
	Peak or Off-Peak		Year:	2016	Year:	2045	Year:	2045
Demand Peak Hour/LOS C	Peak or Off-Peak Direction	Vehicle Type	Posted Speed:	60	Posted Speed:	60	Posted Speed:	50
Houl/Los C	Direction		Number of Travel Lanes:	2	Number of Travel Lanes:	2	Number of Travel Lanes:	4
			Numbe	er of Vehicles	Number of Vehicles		Number of Vehicles	
See Columns t	o Right > for Which Volume	es To Use (Demand or LOS C)	Use Demand Volumes			Use LOS C		LOS C
		Autos		690		1542		809
	Med Truc			15		33		38
	Peak Direction	Heavy Trucks		38		85		99
	reak Direction	Buses		1		1		1
		Motorcycles		3		6		7
Demand Peak Hour	emand Peak Hour	Total		747		1667	1	954
Demand Fear Hour		Autos	450		1007		1180	
		Med Trucks		10		21		25
	Off-Peak Direction	Heavy Trucks		25		55		65
	OII-Feak Direction	Buses	1			1		1
		Motorcycles	2			4		5
		Total		488		1088	1	276
		Autos		786	786		1415	
		Med Trucks		17	17		30	
	Peak Direction	Heavy Trucks		43	43			78
	reak Direction	Buses		1		1		1
		Motorcycles		3		3		6
LOS C		Total		850		850	1	530
1030		Autos		786		786		415
		Med Trucks		17		17		30
	Off-Peak Direction	Heavy Trucks		43		43		78
	Sil-reak Direction	Buses		1		1		1
		Motorcycles		3		3	6	
		Total		850		850	1	530

## TRAFFIC DATA FOR NOISE STUDIES - SUMMARY OUTPUT FDOT DISTRICT 1

Federal Aid Num FPID Number(s): State/Federal Ro		41	4506-2		-			
	oute No.:				_			14
Road Name:			SR 70					
Project Description	on:	R 70 from Lorraine Road to	o CR 675 - Design Trat	ffic Report	_			
Segment Descrip			n Rd to Bourneside Dr		_			
Section Number:			160000					
Mile Post To/From	m:	10.85	60 - 11.97	_				
Existing Facility: Year: LOS C Peak Hour I Demand Peak Hou Posted Speed:	Directional Volume: ur Volume:	2016 850 747		D = T24 = Tpeak = MT = HT = B =	60.50% 14.20% 7.10% 1.96% 5.07% 0.07%	% % of 24 Hour % of Design H % of Design H % of Design H % of Design H	lour Volume lour Volume lour Volume lour Volume	3
Posted Speed:		60		MC=	0.37%	% of Design H	our Volume	
No Build Alternati	ve (Design Vear):			p- 1	50 500/	la:	-	
TO Dana Micernati	ve (Design Tear).			D = T24 =	60.50% 14.20%	% % of 24 Hour \	Johnno	
Year:		2045	*	Tpeak =	7.10%	% of Design H		- 1
				MT =	1.96%	% of Design H		- 1
LOS C Peak Hour D	irectional Volume:	850		HT=		% of Design H		
Demand Peak Hou	r Volume:	1092		B=		% of Design He		- 1
Posted Speed:		60		MC =		% of Design Ho		- 1
							-	
Build Alternative (f	Design Year):			D="0."		* _ 1		
Year:		2045		T24=		% of 24 Hour V		17.14
Jean,		2045		Tpeak =		% of Design Ho		
LOS C Peak Hour Di	ractional Values	1607		MT.=		% of Design Ho		
Demand Peak Hour		1379		HT = B =	The Person of Street,	% of Design Ho		
Posted Speed:		50		MC =		6 of Design Ho 6 of Design Ho		1.1
								· ·
	bove information is	accurate and appropriat	te for use with the ti	raffic noise a	analysis.			
repared By:	Srinivas Kandala		V +5	ture you		Date: 4/	15/2019	
	Pri	nt Name	Sìgna	ature	•	_		
have reviewed an	d concur that the a	pove information is appr	ropriate for use with	the traffic	noise anal	ysis.	1 0/	
DOT Reviewer:	Christopher L. Simp	ron		NE-		Date:	9/15/11	9
		nt Name	Signé	ture		Date	1/11/	-

Prepared By:	: VHB	Date:	6/5/2017	Approved for Use By:		Date:	
Federal Aid Number(s):	:0			Section Number:	13160000	<u> </u>	
FPID Number(s):	:	414506-2		Mile Post To/From:	10.850 - 11.97	<u> </u>	
State/Federal Route No.:	:	0					
Road Name:	:	SR 70					
Project Description:	: SR 70 from Lorraine	Road to CR 675 - Design Traffic F	Report				
Segment Description:	: SR 70 from	Uihlein Rd to Bourneside Dr					
	Note: Data sheets are to be comple	eted for each segment having a	change in traffic naram	neters (i.e., volume posted sr	need, typical section)		

			Ex	isting	No Bu	ild (Design Year)	Build (De	esign Year)
			Year:	2016	Year:	2045	Year:	2045
Demand Peak Hour/LOS C	Peak or Off-Peak Direction	Vehicle Type	Posted Speed:	60	Posted Speed:	60	Posted Speed:	50
Houl/Los C	Direction		Number of Travel Lanes: 2		Number of Travel Lanes	: 2	Number of Travel Lanes:	4
			Number of Vehicles		Number of Vehicles		Number of Vehicles	
See Columns to	o Right > for Which Volume	es To Use (Demand or LOS C)	Use Demand Volumes			Use LOS C		nd Volumes
		Autos	690			1011		276
	N N			15		21		27
	Peak Direction	Heavy Trucks		38		55		70
	reak Direction	Buses		1		1		1
		Motorcycles		3		4		5
Demand Peak Hour		Total	7	747		1092	1.	379
Demand I cak floar		Autos	450		659		833	
		Med Trucks		10		14	18	
	Off-Peak Direction	Off-Peak Direction Heavy Trucks		25		36		16
	On I can Direction	Buses		1		1		1
		Motorcycles				3		3
		Total	4	188		713	9	01
		Autos		786	786		1488	
		Med Trucks		17	17		31	
	Peak Direction	Heavy Trucks		43	43		81	
	i cuk birection	Buses		1		1		1
		Motorcycles		3		3		6
LOS C		Total		350		850		507
1000		Autos		786		786		188
		Med Trucks		17		17		31
	Off-Peak Direction	Heavy Trucks		43		43		31
	On I can Direction	Buses		1		1		1
		Motorcycles		3		3	6	
		Total	8	350		850	1	507

### TRAFFIC DATA FOR NOISE STUDIES - SUMMARY OUTPUT FOOT DISTRICT 1

Federal Aid Number(s):

FPID Number(s):	4145	506-2	_	
State/Federal Route No.:			-	
Road Name:	SR	70	_	
Project Description:	SR 70 from Lorraine Road to 0	R 675 - Design Traffic Report	-	
_				
Segment Description:	SR 70 from Bourne	eside Dr to CR 675		
Section Number:	13160	0000	_	
Mile Post To/From:	. 11.97 -	15.567	_	
_			-	
Existing Facility:				
Existing Facility.		D =	60.50% %	
Year:	2045	T24 =	14.20% % of 24 Hour Volume	
Teal.	2016	Tpeak =	7.10% % of Design Hour Volu	
LOS C Peak Hour Directional Volum		MT=	1.96% % of Design Hour Volu	me
Demand Peak Hour Volume:		HT≃	5.07% % of Design Hour Volu	
Posted Speed:	747	8 =	0.07% % of Design Hour Volu	
rosted Speed.	60	MC =	0.37% % of Design Hour Valu	me
No Build Alternative (Design Year):		D=	60.50% %	
		T24 =	14.20% % of 24 Hour Volume	
Year:	2045	Tpeak =	7.10% % of Design Hour Volum	me
		MT=	1.96% % of Design Hour Volum	
LOS C Peak Hour Directional Volume	850	HT≃	5.07% % of Design Hour Volum	
Demand Peak Hour Volume:	862	B =		
Posted Speed:	60	MC=	0.07% % of Design Hour Volum 0.37% % of Design Hour Volum	
			70 Of Design Hour Volum	iic.
Build Alternative (Design Year):				
bolio Alternative (besign rear):		D=	60,50% %	
/ear:	1	T24 ==	14.20% % of 24 Hour Volume	
reals and the same of the same	2045	Tpeak =	7.10% % of Design Hour Volum	
ore a state of the state of	P II TO SHEET WAS A	MT.=-	1.95% % of Design Hour Volum	ie
OS C Peak Hour Directional Volume		HT=	5.07% % of Design Hour Volum	e
Demand Peak Hour Volume:	1092	8 =	0.07% % of Design Hour Volum	e
osted Speed:	50	MC=	0.37% % of Design Hour Volum	e
		The second second		
certify that the above information	is accurate and appropriate	for use with the traffic noise	analysis	
		or and with the dame holde	unaiyais.	
repared By: Srinivas Kandala	3	Visinery	Date: 4/15/2019	
	Print Name	Signature	1 1/25/2015	
		-		
have reviewed and concur that the	e above information is approp	oriate for use with the traffic	noise analysis.	2
		( AA	nali	elia
DOT Reviewer: Christopher L. Si	mpron		Date: 07/1	119
<del> </del>	Print Name	Signature		1

Prepared By:	: VHB	Date:	6/5/2017	Approved for Use By:		Date:	
Federal Aid Number(s)	:0			Section Number:	13160000		
FPID Number(s)	:	414506-2		Mile Post To/From:	11.97 - 15.567		
State/Federal Route No.	:	0					
Road Name	:	SR 70					
Project Description	: SR 70 from Lorra	nine Road to CR 675 - Design Traffic	Report				
Segment Description	: SR 70	) from Bourneside Dr to CR 675					
	Note: Data sheets are to be con	mpleted for each segment having a	change in traffic param	neters (i.e., volume posted s	speed, typical section)		

			E	xisting	No Bu	ild (Design Year)	Build (De	esign Year)
	Peak or Off-Peak		Year:	2016	Year:	2045	Year:	2045
Demand Peak Hour/LOS C	Peak or Off-Peak Direction	Vehicle Type	Posted Speed:	60	Posted Speed:	60	Posted Speed:	50
Houl/Los C	Direction		Number of Travel Lanes:	2	Number of Travel Lanes:	2	Number of Travel Lanes:	4
			Numbe	r of Vehicles	Number of Vehicles		Number of Vehicles	
See Columns to	o Right > for Which Volume	es To Use (Demand or LOS C)	Use Demand Volumes			Use LOS C	Use Dema	nd Volumes
		Autos	690			797		011
	Med Truck			15		17	2	21
	Peak Direction	Heavy Trucks		38		44	5	55
	reak Direction	Buses		1		1		1
		Motorcycles		3		3		4
Demand Peak Hour		Total		747		862	10	092
Demand I cak floar	nand Feak Hour	Autos	450		520		659	
		Med Trucks		10		11	1	14
	Off-Peak Direction	Heavy Trucks		25		29	á	36
	OII-Feak Direction	Buses				1		1
		Motorcycles	2			2		3
		Total		488		563	7	113
		Autos		786	786		1962	
		Med Trucks		17	17		42	
	Peak Direction	Heavy Trucks		43	43		107	
	reak Direction	Buses		1	1		1	
		Motorcycles		3		3		8
LOS C		Total		850		850	21	120
2030		Autos		786		786		962
		Med Trucks		17		17	4	12
	Off-Peak Direction	Heavy Trucks		43		43	1	07
	Sir-reak Direction	Buses		1		1		1
		Motorcycles		3		3	8	
		Total		850		850	21	120

# **Appendix C Typical Noise Levels**

COMMON CUITDOOD	NOISE LEVE	COMMON INDOOR			
COMMON OUTDOOR ACTIVITIES	NOISE LEVEL dB(A)	COMMON INDOOR ACTIVITIES			
	110	Rock Band			
Jet Fly-over at 1000 ft					
	100				
Gas Lawn Mower at 3 ft					
	90				
Diesel Truck at 50 ft, at 50 mph		Food Blender at 1 m (3 ft)			
	80	Garbage Disposal at 1 m (3 ft)			
Noise Urban Area (Daytime) Gas Lawn Mower at 100 ft	70	\/aa			
Commercial Area	/0	Vacuum Cleaner at 10 ft Normal Speech at 3 ft			
Heavy Traffic at 300 ft	60	Normal Speech at 5 ft			
Theavy Traine at 500 it	00	Large Business Office			
Quiet Urban Daytime	50	Dishwasher Next Room			
Quiet Urban Nighttime	40	Theater, Large Conference Room			
Quiet Suburban Nighttime		(Background)			
	30	Library			
Quiet Rural Nighttime		Bedroom at Night, Concert Hall			
	20	(Background)			
	40				
	10				
	0				
Lowest Threshold of Human		Lowest Threshold of Human			
Hearing		Hearing			
Source: California Dept. of Transportation Technical Noise Supplement, Oct. 1998, Page 18.					

# **Appendix D Validation Documentation**

#### NOISE MEASUREMENT DATA SHEET

Date: January 1, 2019						
Time Study Started: 1035 Time Study Ended: 1200						
Project Identification:						
Financial Project ID: <u>414506-2-22-01</u>						
Project Location: SR 70 from Lorraine Road to CR 675						
Site Identification: Open field north side of SR 70 across from Greenbrook Village,						
200 and 250 feet from edge-of-pavement.						
Weather Conditions:						
Sky: Clear Partly Cloudy X Cloudy Other						
Temperature <u>77F</u> Wind Speed <u>1.5 mph</u> Wind Direction <u>SE</u> Humidity <u>80%</u>						
Equipment:						
Sound Level Meter:						
Type: Larson Davis 831 & LxT Serial Number(s): 1285 & 1843						
Did you check the batteries? Yes X No						
Calibration Readings: Start 114.0 & 114.0 End 113.9 & 113.8						
Response Settings: Fast Slow_X_						
Weighting: A X Other						
Calibrator:						
Type: <u>Larson Davis CAL 200</u> Serial Number: <u>5592</u>						
Did you check the battery? Yes X No						

#### TRAFFIC DATA

Roadway Identification	SR 70 Westbound		SR 70 Eastbound	
Vehicle Type	Volume (10min)	Speed (mph)	Volume (10min)	Speed (mph)
Autos	50-57-71	53-55-54	45-76-71	57-52-53
Medium Trucks	2-1-1	62-52-57	0-0-4	NA-NA-37
Heavy Trucks	0-1-0	NA-53-NA	0-2-0	NA-45-NA
Buses	0-0-0	NA-NA-NA	0-0-2	NA-NA-37
Motorcycles	1-1-1	52-55-65	2-2-0	52-57-NA
Duration	Three 10 minute runs		Three 10 minute runs	

#### RESULTS [dB(A)]

Background Noise: Barking dog, insect noise, and sprinklers.

Major Sources: Traffic on SR 70.

Unusual Events: <u>Intermittent traffic during all three runs.</u>

# Appendix E Traffic Noise Model (TNM) Files (provided on CD)